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# Victoria Daily Times

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VOL. 47

VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1915

NO. 106

## ANOTHER LANDING AT KAVALA, GREECE

Sofia Dispatch to Berlin Says  
British and French Trans-  
ports Are There

## TWENTY MILES WEST OF BULGARIAN BORDER

Enemy Thrown Back Along  
Centre by Serbians, Suffer-  
ing Heavy Losses

Amsterdam, Nov. 2.—A new Anglo-French expedition to the Balkans is announced by the Berlin Tageblatt. This newspaper publishes a telegram from Sofia stating that British and French transports carrying troops have appeared off Kavala, Greece.

Kavala, Greece, is on the coast of the Aegean, about 20 miles west of the Bulgarian border. It is 80 miles northeast of the Greek port of Salonika, where the first detachments of British and French troops were landed for the Serbian campaign.

Salonika, Nov. 2.—The Serbian government has moved to Mitrovitz, near the western frontier, according to advices received here to-day.

(Mitrovitz is 62 miles southwest of Nish and 22 miles from the Serbo-Montenegrin border at the nearest point.)

Hurled Back Along Centre.

Paris, Nov. 2.—The following statement was given out at the Serbian legation here to-day:

"On the northeastern front, the enemy has won the right bank of the Lebentza and stormed the right bank of the Morava. Along the centre we have hurled back the enemy with heavy losses.

"The situation in Eastern Serbia is unchanged. Violent fighting is in progress near Pinar.

London, Nov. 2.—Dispatches from Sofia say the Bulgarians expect Nish to fall within 14 hours.

In the south the allied troops are throwing back the Bulgarians.

Monastir Taken?

London, Nov. 2.—A dispatch received here to-day from Athens says the Bulgarians have captured Monastir.

Monastir is in the southwestern corner of Serbia, 15 miles north of the southern boundary and 20 miles east of the western boundary. A railway line connects it with Salonika.

A dispatch received this afternoon by the Evening News says:

"Refugees from the Monastir district are pouring into Greece. Bulgarian irregulars are plundering and massacring the civilians, who are terrorized.

"It is feared that Serbian communication with the south has been cut off.

"The Serbians are falling back along the whole line, with the Austro-Hungarians and Bulgarians threatening to surround and cut off their forces in Central and Northern Serbia. In the southern districts the Serbians are insufficient in numbers to check the Bulgarians."

For Month Longer.

London, Nov. 2.—Chedo Miyatovich, former Serbian minister to Great Britain, fears that Germany and Austria will obtain ample supplies of copper from Serbia. The great copper mines in Serbia probably are the best in Europe.

M. Miyatovich says the Serbian army has been in the mountains for a month longer.

## 1,821 WENT ACROSS ON S. S. CALIFORNIA

Canadians Reached Mother-  
land; Commander Calder  
Lost When Aries Went Down

Ottawa, Nov. 2.—The minister of militia has been advised that the steamship California, which sailed from Canada on Oct. 23, has arrived safely at a British port with the following military units on board:

Forty-one officers and 1,821 men of the 24th Battalion (Ontario).

Three officers and 11 men of the 13th Company, engineers.

Draft of five officers and 250 men for British Columbia Infantry Battalion (7th).

Five officers and 251 men for the Ottawa Infantry Battalion.

Two officers and 151 men of the Army Medical Corps.

May Go to Front.

Ottawa, Nov. 2.—Commissioner Black of the Yukon, who is here, has asked the minister of militia for permission to raise half a battalion in the Yukon.

Mr. Black may retire temporarily

## BULGARIAN COAST ON THE BLACK SEA



It was reported in Bucharest yesterday that Russian troops had been landed at Varna, Bulgaria. No official confirmation of this has been forthcoming as yet.

## PINNED MEDAL ON SOLDIER'S BREAST

King Decorated Brave Fighter  
With V. C. Immediately  
After His Accident

## HIS MAJESTY CROSSED ON A HOSPITAL SHIP

London, Nov. 2.—The king, who was thrown from his horse at the front in France and injured last week, is recovering from his injuries rapidly. A bulletin regarding his condition, issued early to-day, said:

"The king passed a very good night. He has absolutely no fever. His majesty, however, will be confined to his bed for some time longer.

The following account of the accident was given out to-day by the official press bureau:

"The king was riding a strange horse on Thursday. It reared and fell as a result of the muddy condition of the road. The king fell from the saddle, the horse falling on his majesty and pinning him to the ground. He was conveyed to the hospital in an ambulance in a heavy rain.

"In spite of the pain, the king insisted upon decorating a soldier with the Victoria Cross. Fifteen soldiers knelt on the floor beside the bed and the king pinned the medal on the soldier's breast. Even this slight exertion greatly fatigued his majesty and it was necessary to give him assistance.

"The king remained four days in the hospital and then he was brought to England on a hospital ship. An ambulance met him at Victoria station and he was carried to Buckingham Palace. He was carried to the palace on a stretcher, as he was unable to stand.

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"Blockade" Ordered?

Paris, Nov. 2.—The German admiralty has ordered a submarine blockade of the Grecian coast, according to a dispatch received here to-day from Lausanne.

Five Divisions.

London, Nov. 2.—The Daily Telegraph's Bucharest correspondent says: "Five divisions of Turkish troops, commanded by Enver Pasha, are reported to have crossed the Bulgarian frontier at Dobruja (Dobruja is that province of Rumania bordering on the Black Sea)."

"The Bulgarians have destroyed several roads leading to Silistria" (Silistria is a town on the Danube, which is the boundary there.)

## TWO SOLD LIQUOR TO SOLDIERS: SENTENCED

Hamilton, Ont., Nov. 2.—Walter England and Bert Stewart were sentenced to fines of \$500 each by Magistrate Joffe this morning for selling whiskey in bottles to soldiers. The latter were forced by a military officer to divulge the name of the men who supplied the liquor. The officer saw the money exchanged for the flasks. Both prisoners, being unable to pay, were sent down for three months. This is the first conviction under the new law.

## QUET ALONG THE FRONT, SAYS FRENCH WAR OFFICE

Paris, Nov. 2.—"Quiet along the entire front" was the report made by the war office in to-day's communiqué.

## ROUMANIA CALLING MORE MEN TO COLORS

Belief Growing in London That  
Country Will Join Al-  
lies Soon

## AGITATION SPREADING THROUGHOUT THE ARMY

Statements of Both Sides In-  
dicate Russian Offensive is  
Being Extended

London, Nov. 2.—Public interest was divided to-day between Mr. Asquith's speech in the House of Commons and Rumania's reported intention to throw her lot with the allies. News coming by way of Paris lends support to the growing impression that Rumania is preparing to intervene in the war.

By royal decree new classes of Rumanian recruits are being mobilized. Vienna reports that "a grave situation" may arise between Austria-Hungary and Rumania in connection with the proposal to use the lower Danube to transport Russian troops to Bulgaria. Little news comes from Bucharest as the censorship is enforced so strictly that even ordinary messages are stopped, but it is known that the agitation in favor of war is spreading throughout the army.

The Austrian, German and Bulgarian armies are drawing the net more closely about Nish. In the south the French have inflicted considerable losses on the Bulgarians, who are reported to have been thrown back on the right bank of the Vardar.

Change in Tone.

The only political development of note in the Balkans is a change of tone in the ministerial press of Athens, which is publishing apparently inspired articles of a nature friendly to the entente powers, although still insisting that Greece must maintain her policy of benevolent neutrality.

Along the eastern front there is evidence of a considerable extension of the Russian offensive. This is indicated by official reports from both sides, although neither claims any important result from these operations.

Russia's active participation in the Balkans may have begun, inasmuch as Bucharest reports that Russian troops have been landed at Varna. This Bulgarian port on the Black Sea is said to be defended by Turks, commanded by German officers.

## OF SAME QUALITY AS STEEL IN GUNS

How Edmond Rostand De-  
scribes the Morale of the  
French Troops

Paris, Nov. 2.—Edmond Rostand, the eminent French poet and playwright, writes: "I returned yesterday from a visit to the whole French front."

"I have seen an unforgettable spectacle—German trenches only partly dismantled and taken by main force. Never before has the world had an opportunity to witness so glorious an effort as that of our troops in this instance. The German trenches were regular fortresses which resisted the battering of our guns, but could not resist the admirable impetus of our soldiers charging with the bayonet."

I have admired the defence works erected everywhere behind our first line. They appear impregnable and stand behind our soldiers as a wall which no power on earth could destroy.

The Most Heroic.

When one has seen what I have seen one gathers the impression that the French soldier of this great war—he who has accomplished acts of superhuman prowess—is the most heroic soldier in history. I carry away with me also an impression of confidence and love between officers and men; all combatants are united in a sublime brotherhood. It is greater than a fighting army; it is a nation in arms moved by one ideal.

The troops I have seen are not all young. They are of all ages, mingled together. Hats off to those middle-aged fellows, fighting side by side with their children and nephews. They have commanded the admiration of their chiefs by their endurance and kindness. Grapeshot has mowed down on the same field of honor men of 45 and youths with life's springtime smiles on their lips. No nation ever before has concentrated all its forces in an impetus so unanimous, so beautiful, as this. Such troops were created for a brilliant victory.

The morale of our soldiers has been forged from the same steel as our guns. It is of the purest metal. And everywhere, all along the line, the fire of victory is spreading its wings to claim our triumphant colors.

## British and French Transports Said to Be at Port of Kavala



## OPINION CHANGED BY BULGARIA'S ACTION

Rapid Move by Allies in Bal-  
kans Will Bring in  
Rumania

## ARTICLES IN FAVOR OF ALLIES IN GREEK PAPERS

Milan, Nov. 2.—"Two weeks of Bulgarian action in Serbia has brought about a change in Rumanian public opinion which sixteen months of interventionist propaganda failed to do," M. Filippesco, leader of the Rumanian Conservatives, is said by the Bucharest correspondent of the Corriere della Sera to have declared in an interview.

The Corriere della Sera's correspondent expresses the belief that rapid and successful action by the allies in the Balkans cannot fail to bring about the entry of Rumania into the war on their side.

Growing Steadily.

London, Nov. 2.—A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Rome says:

A Bucharest telegram states that interventionist agitation is growing steadily in Bucharest. It was necessary to call out troops yesterday to prevent an interventionist gathering.

At a special meeting of the Rumanian general staff the subject of the military preparation of Rumania was discussed. It was stated that Rumania is ready and could carry on a victorious war against Austria and Bulgaria.

There are rumors that M. Bratianu, prime minister, and his cabinet will resign.

In Greece.

London, Nov. 2.—In official Greek circles an attitude more favorable to the entente nations apparently has been assumed. Reuters' correspondent at Athens telegraphs that simultaneously with the official denial of reports of Greece's hostility toward the entente powers came a change in the tone of the ministerial press, which now is publishing articles in favor of the allies. These articles presumably are inspired.

Notwithstanding the drift of opinion it is maintained that the neutrality of Greece will be adhered to as long as possible.

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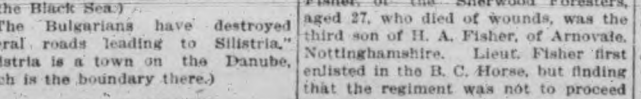
"The Bulgarians have destroyed several roads leading to Silistria" (Silistria is a town on the Danube, which is the boundary there.)

## TORPEDO BOAT SANK AS RESULT OF COLLISION

London, Nov. 2.—The admiralty announced this afternoon that the British torpedo boat No. 95 sank at Gibraltar yesterday after being in collision.

"Torpedo boat No. 95, Chief Gunner John D. Sumner, R.N.," says the official statement, "was sunk yesterday in the Strait of Gibraltar after a collision with a mercantile fleet auxiliary. Two officers and nine men are reported missing and it is feared they were drowned."

## RETURNED TO HOUSE TO-DAY; MR. ASQUITH



## FOUR VICTORIANS ARE COMING BACK

Privates Heaslip, Brewer,  
Wardlaw and Hitchcock En-  
tertained at Winnipeg

Winnipeg, Nov. 2.—Four returning soldiers of "Victoria" B. C. reached Winnipeg last night on the way home.

One was Pte. J. W. Heaslip. His visit to Europe carried him as far as Festubert. He enlisted with 7th Battalion at Victoria.

Shrapnel left a permanent scar on the right cheek of Pte. J. Brewer, of the 15th Battalion. This happened at Festubert.

Pte. T. Wardlaw received a severe wound in the left arm at Ypres on May 8 and later his arm was amputated a few inches from the shoulder.

Pte. J. Hitchcock also was a member of the returning party.

Auto rides, luncheon and other entertainments were provided for the soldiers here. The Women's Voluntary Reserve was on hand, meeting the boys with smiling faces. The boys were really overcome by such a kind demonstration. In order to bring them back to consciousness again, the ladies distributed cigars freely among them and then each soldier was taken for an auto trip.

Joined B. C. Horse.

London, Nov. 2.—Lieut. Geoffrey Fisher, of the Sherwood Foresters, aged 27, who died of wounds, was the third son of H. A. Fisher, of Arnots, Nottinghamshire. Lieut. Fisher first enlisted in the B. C. Horse, but finding that the regiment was not to proceed at once on active service, he obtained a commission in the Sherwood Foresters.

Major William James Anderson, killed in action at the Dardanelles, was taken to Apple Creek, B. C.

## AS DETERMINED NOW AS EVER TO BATTLE UNTIL VICTORY COMES

British People Look to Imperial Government  
to Use Every Means to Bring About Final  
Triumph, Declares Mr. Asquith; His Trib-  
ute to the Splendid Work of the Navy;  
Sir Frederick E. Smith Appointed Attor-  
ney-General.

London, Nov. 2.—Announcement was made in parliament to-day that Sir Frederick E. Smith had been appointed attorney-general to succeed Sir Edward Carson.

Sir Frederick, who is a Unionist, sits for the Walton division of Liverpool and has been solicitor-general since the formation of the coalition cabinet. As solicitor-general he had no seat in the cabinet.

Mr. Asquith, who appeared in the House for the first time since his recent illness, started his speech by referring with satisfaction to the recovery of the King from the effects of his fall from his horse. The galleries were crowded when the prime minister began, as the people were expecting that he would have some very important statements to make.

Dealing with the war, the prime minister stated that Field-Marshal Sir John French, commander-in-chief of the British forces on the Franco-Belgian front, was now in command of nearly 1,000,000 men.

He added that the total British casualties in France and Belgium up to Oct. 31 had numbered 377,000.

The Germans had not made a new gain of a foot of ground since April.

Mr. Asquith prefaced his remarks concerning the war by saying he would disappoint many expectations; not the least the expectations of those who thought he ought to appear in person, final of a point in a white sheet. He did not propose to adopt either attitude. He intended to describe as far as possible the actual prospective position to the nation, which "is as determined to-day as it has ever been to prosecute the war to a successful conclusion, and which trusts the government, by whomsoever controlled, to use every means to the attainment of that purpose."

"It is true that to-day some parts of the horizon are overcast. This like other wars, has been fruitful of surprises and disappointments. The present calls for three things—a proper sense of perspective, a limitless stock of patience and overflowing reservoirs of courage, both active and passive."

Fault-Finders.

Mr. Asquith referred to the "small cortege" of professional whippers which kept our enemies supplied daily with a diet of falsehoods.

"The government, he said, had no interest in concealing anything, subject to the one over-riding consideration that its disclosure would not assist Britain's enemies.

"How do we stand?" asked the prime minister. "In August of last year we were prepared to send abroad six infantry and two cavalry divisions. In the operations described by Field-Marshal French in his last dispatch he had under his command not far short of a million men. To these must be added the troops at the Dardanelles, in Egypt and in other theatres of war, as well as our garrisons and troops in reserve."

"How have this gigantic force been got together by a power which has never aspired to be a military power? First, by the manhood of the United Kingdom. In the last fifteen months we have recruited."

MR. ASQUITH hesitated, then remarked: "I do not like to give the exact figures of men."

Help From Overseas.

"The contribution of India was splendid," he continued. "Canada contributed 85,000 officers and men; Australia, 50,000; New Zealand, 25,000; South Africa, after a campaign in which she subdued the Germans, sent 6,500; and Newfoundland, 1,600. Ceylon, Fiji and other parts of the empire all sent contingents."

"No account is taken in these figures of preparation for maintenance of these units in the field."

Reviewing the work of British submarines in the Turkish campaign, the prime minister said that in the Sea of Marmara they had sunk or damaged two battleships, five gunboats, one torpedo boat, eight transports and 197 supply ships.

Full Agreement.

He said there was full agreement between Great Britain and France to maintain the independence of Serbia and not let her "become the prey of the sinister and nefarious combination of Germany, Austria and Bulgaria."

He reviewed the financial situation of Great Britain and declared that the nation must be prepared to make far greater sacrifices than it had done yet to enable it to sustain the burden imposed by the war.

He strongly believed that the re-organizing plan of the Earl of Derby would succeed, and that compulsion would be unnecessary. He was as confident as ever that the allies were going to carry their righteous cause to a triumphant issue and he was not going

to shift the burden from his shoulders until satisfied he was unable to bear it. He would not surrender the task as long as he enjoyed health and the confidence of the King and country.

He added, however, that the war must be won and that rather than not win, he would have no hesitation about making fresh proposals to the house involving some sort of legal obligation.

The announcement was made by Mr. Asquith that M. Venizelos, former prime minister of Greece, whose advocacy of intervention in the war on the side of the Entente powers led to his resignation, had asked France and Great Britain on September 21 for 150,000 men with the express understanding that Greece would mobilize.

The Dardanelles.

Mr. Asquith said he accepted his full share of the responsibility for the first attack on the Dardanelles; for the blundering of which Winston Spencer Churchill, then first lord of the admiralty, was attacked so strongly in many quarters. He said:

"From the moment Turkey declared war it was impossible to concentrate attention solely on the western front. The Turks threatened our ally, Russia, and Egypt. The advent of Turkey produced a great effect on the Balkan States, and the government had to face a question which was not merely strategic."

"In a great war like this you can not determine the policy entirely by naval and military considerations. Sometimes it is not only expedient but necessary to run risks which clear naval or military considerations would have warned you against. In January we had not sufficient military forces available in the east to do more than cope with the Turkish attack on Egypt, which was defeated. The question of a naval attack on the Dardanelles was then considered, and after full consultation with naval experts, including the admiral on the spot—notwithstanding some doubts in the mind of Sir John Fisher (then first sea lord)—the government felt justified in sanctioning that attack."

"The proposed attack was carefully considered. It was approved by the French and enthusiastically received by the Grand Duke Nicholas. The matter came again before the war council. Before a shot was fired, it was communicated to the cabinet. It was decided at first to make the attempt with the navy and the navy alone. I take my full share of the responsibility and deplore attempts to allot the responsibility to one minister or another."

Dealing with the present situation at the Dardanelles, Mr. Asquith pointed out that the allied forces were holding up 200,000 Turkish troops, and added: "The situation at the Dardanelles is receiving the most anxious consideration of the government, not as an isolated thing, but as part of the larger strategic question raised by reason of developments in the Balkans."

The Navy.

Turning to the work of the navy in transporting troops, the prime minister said that 2,500,000 officers and men had been carried, in addition to 320,000 sick and wounded, 2,500,000 tons of supplies and 800,000 horses and mules.

"Up to the present," he added, "the losses of life in the whole of these gigantic overseas operations have been considerably less than one-tenth of one per cent. There never has been anything comparable in history to the service of the navy. There they are—the

(Continued on page 7.)



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<b>FANCY SEEDED RAISINS</b> , Victoria Cross brand. Large 16-oz. packets, 2 for .....	<b>25c</b>	<b>LIQUID VENEER</b> Per bottle, 40c and .....	<b>20c</b>
<b>FANCY SULTANA RAISINS</b> Per lb. ....	<b>15c</b>	<b>CRISCO</b> Per tin, \$1.20, 60c and .....	<b>30c</b>
<b>INDEPENDENT CREAMERY BUTTER</b> Most popular butter of the day. 3 lbs. for .....	<b>\$1.00</b>	<b>SHIRRIFF'S OR WAGSTAFFE'S MARMALADE</b> , 4-lb. tin. ....	<b>50c</b>
<b>NICE ONTARIO CHEESE</b> Per pound .....	<b>20c</b>	<b>FINE LOCAL POTATOES</b> Nice and mealy; 100-lb. sack .....	<b>75c</b>
<b>C. &amp; Y. BREAD FLOUR</b> , gives general satisfaction. Sack. ....	<b>\$1.55</b>	<b>FANCY ASHROFT POTATOES</b> 100-lb. sack .....	<b>90c</b>
<b>CHOICE NEW EVAPORATED PEACHES</b> , 4 lbs. for .....	<b>25c</b>	<b>OKANAGAN OR ONTARIO TOMATOES</b> , large can. ....	<b>10c</b>
<b>CHOICE NEW EVAPORATED APRICOTS</b> , 2 lbs. for .....	<b>25c</b>	<b>SELECTED PICNIC HAM</b> Per pound .....	<b>15c</b>
<b>WHITE SWAN WASHING POWDER</b> , Large packet .....	<b>20c</b>	<b>WITHEY'S MINCEMEAT</b> Per packet .....	<b>10c</b>
		<b>OKANAGAN, B. C., JAM</b> 4-lb. tin .....	<b>45c</b>

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## SHOULD PAY ALSO ON WORKS OF ART

### Sir E. Clarke Has New Plan for Helping to Meet War's Cost

London, Nov. 2.—Sir Edward Clarke, the great British legal authority, is of the opinion that the accumulated wealth of the country, which he says is "amply sufficient to pay four or five times over the estimated cost of the war," is not contributing its proper share to the war taxes.

"There is one large part of that accumulated wealth which during the lifetime of its owner pays nothing at all to the National Exchequer," he writes. "I refer to the enormous sum which is represented by the stores of works of art, furniture, books, plate, china, glass and jewelry which are to be found in the houses of well-to-do people. The pleasure and comfort and the advantages in social position which man of woman derives from these is as much an annual profit as the dividends would be if they were sold and the money invested in stocks or shares."

"I suggest that the owners of property of this kind should be obliged to make a statement of its value, and where that exceeded say £300, four per cent. on that sum should be treated as income and added to the owner's assessment for income tax. This would bring in a very large immediate revenue, and a still greater benefit would be that we should have a register of the property on which a levy might be made afterwards."

Having laid his hand on the wealthy class, Sir Edward proposes to tax one of the little vanities of the middle-class which finds expression in bestowing fancy names on their homes.

"Rows of small dwellings can be seen where no street number appears on door or gate, but some aristocratic or romantic name has been adopted," he says. "The smaller the house, the more splendid is its title."

He would make those who put on airs in this fashion pay \$5 a year for the privilege.

H. B. "Imperial" Lager Beer, pints, 3 for 25c.

## GERMANY EXPLAINS HER ZEPPELIN RAIDS

### Govt. Seems to Think Attacks Are Upsetting Conditions in Britain

Berlin, Nov. 2.—All the afternoon papers yesterday printed an identical article designed to explain to the German people the purpose of the air attacks on London and certain valuable results so far achieved. The appearance of the article at this time is considered particularly significant. The article reads:

"The object of the attacks of our marine airships on Britain's metropolises and its environs is military; the purpose is to destroy important military plants and render useless the transit facilities that serve for assembling troops, but above all to endanger London as being the most important truppenlager of the British fighting forces. That in so doing this military war brings with it the destruction or endangering of private property should excite Englishmen least of all, since they by means of their buncing war on Germany purposely wiped out the boundary between measures directed against the military power and measures directed against the people."

"Since that day not hundreds of thousands, but millions of human beings in Germany must limit their consumption of food and drink not in a considerable sacrifice, but in the attacks of our airships on England are a just reprisal, which made it possible for us to achieve results of military value and at the same time to strike at England's economic life at its most vulnerable spot. That the last named results are being achieved, according to the accounts of the English themselves cannot be doubted."

"Just as the submarine war against Britain's coast makes itself felt not only through actual destruction, but in arousing fear which again results in all manner of protective measures detrimental to economic life, so it is also with the air war. To get some idea of the fear which has seized such aggressive circles as the London Times, one need only consider the drastic measures which its marine correspondent proposes."

A Suggestion.

If Gen. Gallieni, the ex-military governor of Paris, and now French minister of war, commanded in London, according to this writer, all traffic on the street railways and trams would be stopped when danger was threatened. It is hard to tell whether this suggestion is made merely in an attempt to cause the British government further difficulties in connection with the air war, but if carried out it would result, says the correspondent, "in incalculable damage to London and therefore England's economic life, and the attacks of our airships thereby would have achieved a success of the greatest importance."

"The drastic measures proposed, without regard to the economic effects," the writer continues, "show most clearly what importance the British themselves attach to the Zeppelin attacks. The British government finds itself in a painful position. We can note with satisfaction here, too, that the effects of our military operations on British economic life have led to political differences of opinion of the most serious nature, calculated still further to undermine the unity of the British government."

After discussing at length the further economic burden caused by Zeppelin insurance, the article in conclusion sums up:

"The air war has brought to the British difficulties of all kinds. First, there is the material loss itself, against which there is no protection; second, the economic burden."

The suggestion is made in Berlin that this anonymous article may mark the beginning of a new period of activity in the air war on England.

## RUSSIAN FORCES MADE GAINS IN GALICIA

### Took Trenches Northwest and Captured Village Southwest of Tarnopol

Petrograd, Nov. 2.—The following communication was issued by the war office last night:

"North of Lake Kanger, which lies northeast of Schlok, the Germans made a fruitless effort to advance."

"During one engagement to-day on the Riga front young Lettish detachments showed valor in their baptism of fire."

"On the front in the region of Jacobstadt the artillery and rifle fire is more vigorous."

"On the front in the region of Dwinsk and southwards artillery duels continue. In the region of Garbunowka the Germans attempted to assume the offensive. Farther south to the Pripet river there is nothing new."

"On the night of the 30th the enemy passed to the offensive in the region of Gontalissowka, northwest of Zartorysk. At the same time a hot fight was being engaged in farther south, in the region of Rudnik. Our riflemen repulsed all attacks, which were marked with great stubbornness and determination. On our part we counter-attacked, capturing seven officers and 400 Austrian soldiers."

"In the region west of Komarow, by a bold attack, we elected the enemy from trenches which for a long time had been disputed on both sides."

"In Galicia, near the village of Pokrovnica, on the Strypa, northwest of Tarnopol, on the night of the 30th, we occupied portions of the enemy trenches. The enemy made a counter-attack, which we repulsed, and after stubborn fighting we occupied the village of Semkowitz, on the Strypa, southwest of Tarnopol. The number of prisoners captured has not been counted."

"A Russian torpedo boat brought down in the Gulf of Riga, a German aeroplane, capturing the aviator."

"In the Caucasus, on the Black Sea front as far as to the north of Mescher, there were advance guard skirmishes. These were especially lively in the coast region, where the Turks failed in an attempt to drive our outposts."

Berlin Statement.

Berlin, Nov. 2.—The war office gave out the following yesterday:

"Army of Field-Marshal von Hindenburg—Our troops, advancing on both sides of the Riga-Takum railway, captured Russian positions after attacks and reached the Ragans-Kemmer-Jaunneim line west of Schlok. The enemy made a counter-attack, but was repulsed."

"West and southwest of Dwinsk strong Russian attacks were repulsed. The battle was particularly fierce between Lakes Swenton and Isen, and is continuing at certain points. Attempts of the Russians to advance north of Lake Drawiaty failed, and they suffered heavily."

"Near Olat, a Russian aeroplane, was forced to land. The pilot and observer were taken prisoners."

"Army of Prince Leopold—A Russian night attack east of Baranowichi was repulsed after hand-to-hand fighting."

"Army of General von Linsingen—The situation is generally the same. A Russian counter-attack north of Komarow was ineffective."

"Army of General von Boethmer—Our troops were attacked near Sienkewice, on the Strypa, by troops from Burkanow and are still fighting there."

Austrian Statement.

Vienna, Nov. 2.—The following official communication was issued yesterday:

"On the Sazkaral the Austro-Hungarian troops repulsed a night attack after vigorous fighting at close quarters. On the Kormin front we repulsed strong attacks north of Bienenwa, on the Strypa."

"Northwest theatre—The armies under the Austro-Hungarian command during October took by capture 142 officers and 26,000 men and 44 machine guns, 3 cannon, 3 air machines and other material."

## WATCH PAPERS

For the great sale of the Ladies' Sample Suit House stock, which was slightly damaged by smoke through the fire of the Baltimore Lunch.

Big Bargains—It Will Pay You to Wait

## Ladies' Sample Suit House

1208 GOVERNMENT STREET (Upstairs) Phone 1901

"Where Style Meets Moderate Prices."

## WE CONTINUE TO OCTOBER 30

# Big Specials in Lumber

No. 1 Shingles, per M. ....	4.30
No. 2 Rough and Sized Common, 2x4 and 8, per M. ....	5.00
No. 2 Shingles, per M. ....	6.00
No. 2 2x4 7 ft. Cedar Fence Posts, each .....	15
No. 2 Doops, while they last, each .....	1.00
No. 1 Doors, 2 ft. 6 in. x 6 ft. 6 in. 18 in. 5X panels, each .....	1.30

We also have a great reduction in all other grades of lumber, mouldings, sash and doors, etc.

We carry a large stock and would be pleased to have your inspection.

## The Moore-Whittington Lumber Co., Ltd.

Phone 295, 2902 Pleasant Street.

# HOT WAFFLES

Easily and quickly made on your Gas Range by means of a

## "Wagner Waffle Iron"

GET ONE TO-DAY

Full directions with each iron.

## Victoria Gas Co., Ltd.

Phone 2479 646 Johnson St.

## ELECTIONS GOING ON IN 1,800 COUNTIES

Chinese Choosing Delegates to Provincial Conventions; National Convention Later

Washington, Nov. 2.—Information received here from official sources in China makes it appear that the triumph of the monarchial idea in the elections now in progress in China is almost certain, and it is possible that the change in the form of government will be announced before the end of the year.

State department advices are to the effect that elections are in progress now in no fewer than 1,800 counties, where the electors are choosing delegates to provincial conventions, which will meet at the local capitals. These conventions will select delegates to meet at a national convention in Peking.

As at first decided upon, the object of the national citizens' convention primarily was to pass upon the work of the council of state which has been revising the Chinese constitution. As an after-thought the central government decided to submit to the convention the question of the re-establishment of the monarchy.

It is expected that the work of the local conventions will be finished by November 20, and the national citizens' convention will meet at Peking immediately after that date to determine the fate of the republic. The Washington government has decided to refrain from any action at this stage, and so informed the diplomatic representatives of Great Britain, Japan and Russia, who feared another revolution in China as the result of the overthrow of the republic.

## Cottages at Low Rents

\$8 Per Month.

Bay St., close to Government, 5 rooms ..... \$8.00  
Mt. Stephen Ave., 2639, 6 rooms, modern ..... \$8.00  
965 Cowichan Street, 6 rooms, modern ..... \$8.00  
825 King's Rd., 5 rooms ..... \$8.00  
1709 Fernwood Rd., 5 rooms, \$8.00

## B.C. LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY LIMITED

Government St. Phone 133  
representatives of the Phoenix Fire Insurance Co., Ltd., of London, Eng.

## TRYING TO PROTECT THE COMPANY, HE SAID

### C. H. Simpson on Stand Before Commissioner Mathers at Winnipeg

Winnipeg, Nov. 2.—C. H. Simpson explained to Commissioner Mathers at the session of the inquiry into the construction of the law courts building yesterday afternoon how it happened that while president of the National Construction Association he had personally a contract from the Manitoba government for the construction of the law courts building at Winnipeg. At his suggestion J. M. Kelly had written declining to sign the contract and asking for the return of their deposit cheque of \$38,198, which was returned. Thomas Kelly & Sons had refused to sign at their tendered figure, \$887,500, and then the contract had been offered to him (Simpson) at \$890,167. He had accepted.

Mr. Simpson maintained that his purpose in entering the second tender was to protect the company when he found the first tender too low; though, he said, as he was taking the responsibility, he "intended to charge for it."

He declared that nothing had been said as to the figure at which he would submit the work to the National Construction company and he was positive that he had had no information from any source, as to the figure of the Thomas Kelly tender or any other before he entered his own. He said that he had seen no cabinet minister in reference to the return of the National Construction company's cheque and he had had no understanding that Thomas Kelly should withdraw his tender and give the work to Simpson, Kelly to get the cut stone work on a sub-contract.

## CHARGED WITH HAVING SUPPLIED EXPLOSIVES

New York, Nov. 2.—The man who is alleged to have furnished some of the charges with which the government charges that Lieut. Robert Fay, who said he had lately served in the German army, and his associates expected to blow up ships laden with munitions from this country to the allies, was arrested here yesterday afternoon by secret service men under the direction of Chief William J. Flynn. The prisoner, Engelbert Bronkorski, is the sixth defendant to be arrested on the government's charge of conspiracy.

According to Chief Flynn, Bronkorski was employed at Butler, N. J., on road construction work and was engaged in the use of explosives there in connection with his work. The government would prove that the prisoner had met Dr. Herbert Klenzie, another defendant already under arrest, at the sanitarium of Dr. Benedict Lust, at Butler, and agreed to furnish Dr. Klenzie with explosives.

## PART YOUTH IS PLAYING IN THE EMPIRE'S WAR

London, Nov. 2.—The toll of young officers is especially heavy just now, as the subalterns of Kitchener's army, which is at least in action, are in great part lads out of the upper schools and colleges. Recent casualty lists show, to take one example, that out of 192 officers killed in action, 102 were under 30 years of age and of these 80 were under 26 years. There were 5 aged 18 years, 10 aged 19, 13 aged 20, and 15 aged 21 years. They included the sons of lawyers, clergymen, military officers, doctors and members of parliament. Thirty-one of the lost were only sons.

## FEDERATION OF CLUBS.

Petrograd, Nov. 2.—Steps have been taken to form a federation of women's clubs in Russia under the leadership of the Women's Equal Rights Association.

Parent committees in connection with Russian high schools have had a somewhat checkered trial in the past. Under the present administration of the department of education they are to be given freer scope. Elections have been held recently in all the Petrograd gymnasia, or high schools for boys and girls.

## FOR CANCER.

London, Nov. 2.—Cancer investigation cost the lives of 87,253 animals in England and Scotland during the year of 1914, states a report issued by the home office. Of these experiments, 21,746 were in the nature of inoculations and were performed almost entirely upon mice to test vaccines. The public health department used something over 24,000 animals in various experiments.

## NERVOUS HEADACHE

Nervous, sick headaches tell of exhausted nerves, and warn you of approaching prostration or paralysis. By enriching the blood Dr. Chase's Nerve Food restores the wasted nerve cells and thoroughly cures headaches, sleeplessness and other nervous disorders.

50 Cents a Box, all Dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

## Dr. Chase's Nerve Food



**"Nothing But Leaves"**  
Not Tea Leaves intermixed with Dust,  
Dirt and Stems but all Virgin Leaves.

# "SALADA"

has the reputation of being the cleanest,  
and most perfect tea sold.

BLACK, GREEN OR MIXED.  
SEALED PACKETS ONLY.

## THIS PIANO



Brand new, placed  
in your home on  
terms of

**\$8**

monthly. Choice of  
three finishes: mahogany, fumed oak  
or mission

**Gideon Hicks**

Piano Company  
Opposite Post Office  
Phone 1241

## GERMAN TROOPS WERE UNABLE TO ATTACK

Made Preparations in Belgium  
and Champagne; Prevented  
by French Guns

Paris, Nov. 2.—The following official communication was issued last night:

In Belgium, in the sector of Lombray, a very spirited bombardment by the enemy was accompanied by obvious preparations for attacks, which the immediate intervention of our artillery prevented from being carried out.

In the Champagne, likewise, on the whole front between Hill 192 and Taurus, as well as to the south of the village, the Germans bombarded our positions. They manned their trenches, and set up scaling ladders. The barrier fire of our batteries and machine guns stopped this attempt at an attack.

The Belgian communication "reported last evening slight activity on the part of the enemy's artillery. Pervyse, Noordschote and Pypere were bombarded."

German Statement.

Berlin, Nov. 2.—The following official statement was given out yesterday:

In the Champagne the French began a counter-attack at Tahure during the afternoon and were repulsed. The hill of Tahure, which was taken by storm by our troops on October 30, remained firmly in our hands. The number of prisoners taken during the last few days has been increased to 21 officers and 1,277 men.

Lively hand-to-hand fighting took place near Coudun.

A French biplane was brought down south of Tahure on October 30 by Lieut. Boelcke, who thereby put his sixth enemy aeroplane out of battle. Several aerial battles took place in the neighborhood of Belfort with good results for the Germans.

## BRITISH INFLECTED VERY HEAVY LOSSES

London, Nov. 2.—Field-Marshal Sir John French sends the following report:—  
On October 29 the enemy heavily bombarded the area east of Ypres. With this exception, owing to the wet and misty weather, the artillery on both sides during the last four days has been less active. Mining activities continue on both sides.

The return of casualties for seven German battalions which took part in the Loos fighting, as published, show that the losses averaged 30 per cent. of the strength of these battalions.

### BACK IN CANADA.

Montreal, Nov. 2.—Included in another party of wounded soldiers arriving from Quebec yesterday was Pte. D. W. Turnbull, of the 16th Battalion.

## HELFFERICH'S PLAN AVAILED NOTHING

Allies' Big Loan Was Floated  
in States Despite His  
Efforts

Amsterdam, Nov. 2.—The German newspapers have reproduced widely an article in the Kiel Nachrichten concerning the tendency of the government to give out news to the American papers, which ought first to have appeared in the German press. A reply to the complaints has now been made through the semi-official Frankfurter Zeitung.

The Kiel newspaper referred particularly to the laudatory announcements relative to the success of the third war loan which were made by Dr. Helfferich, secretary of state, for finance through the medium of the American newspaper correspondents.

In reply the Frankfurter paper declares, among other things, that the Helfferich announcement was made in the United States chiefly with a view to influencing public opinion there against the British loan, which was then pending.

"Such complaints," says the reply, "prove that a large section of the German public has but little understanding for what real politics render necessary and appropriate. The statement of the secretary of state for finance was intended primarily not for the German public but for foreign countries, and especially for the United States, where Britain was making desperate efforts to float a loan."

"When the efforts are made at such a moment to allow the American people how strong the economic situation in Germany is, the action seems so sagacious and such a matter of course that it is surprising that anyone should dare to speak of preference being shown to the foreign press. It was most essentially a matter of political expediency that Dr. Helfferich's statement should be made direct to the American newspapers."

Moreover, the German foreign office has often found it prudent to use the foreign press as its mouthpiece."

## URGES GOVERNMENT TO IMPOSE A TAX

Ottawa Journal Says Part of  
Profits on Munitions  
Should Be Taken

Ottawa, Nov. 2.—The taxing of the profits of the Canadian manufacturers of munitions of war is advocated by the Ottawa Evening Journal, which says editorially:

"Advocacy is appearing in various parts of the Dominion of the desirability of special taxation of profits made upon orders for war supplies and other war business. This has been imposed in Britain to an extent estimated to bring in a government revenue this year of \$150,000,000. Canadian firms have been, or will be receiving war orders representing more than \$100,000,000. By all accounts much of this business thus far has been done at a very large profit. Strong arguments exist why such profits should be taxed. Some of these may be summarized as follows:

1.—The government needs the money.  
2.—War gain should be made to contribute specially to expenditures.  
3.—No patriotic citizen should desire to make excessive profits out of the agony of his country.

4.—Any other kind of citizen should be well-bled.

5.—If profits beyond a certain liberal measure are taxed, or better still, confiscated, employers are likely to treat their men generously. If an employer cannot in any case profit beyond a certain point, he will have an inducement to let his men share in what otherwise would be the excess.

6.—If only a certain profit can be made by a contractor there will be less attempt to exercise 'pull' and to give paper profits to middlemen.

All of which is respectfully recommended to the finance minister.

### INJURED BY EXPLOSION.

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 2.—Fourteen persons injured in a powder explosion at Carney's Point, N. J., were brought to Wilmington hospitals today. It is said others were injured but the number is not known.

Men of sedentary habits find Rexall Orderlies the ideal laxative—their action being gentle and natural. Sold only by D. E. Campbell, the Rexall store, 10c, 25c and 50c boxes.

## REFERS TO SPLENDID WORK OF ARTILLERY

Field-Marshal French Also  
States New Armies Exceeded  
All Expectations

London, Nov. 2.—How the British strengthened their artillery by the introduction of new weapons and the skilful handling of the old along the front in Flanders, where the Germans were driven back in the great offensive of September 25, is the chief disclosure of popular interest in a long dispatch from Field-Marshal Sir John French to Lord Kitchener, which is published under date of October 15.

Sir John refers to the arrival in the field from Canada of a new division, which, he says, is composed of excellent material.

"The division, I am convinced, will acquire itself as well as the First Canadian division has done," he says.

The dispatch is mainly a technical review of the inception, the carrying out, and the aftermath of the fighting around La Bassée, Loos and Bullecourt. Nevertheless, it brings to the British public for the first time a full realization of the intensity with which the Germans launched their counter-attacks. These Sir John says, were almost continuous from the day of the British attack up to and including October 15.

"The Germans delivered an attack with twenty-eight battalions in the front line, with a larger force in support, which was preceded by a heavy bombardment on all parts of the German front."

"At all points of the line, except two, the Germans were repulsed with tremendous loss, and it is computed on reliable authorities that they lost 8,000 or 9,000 men in front of the British and French trenches."

Not Excessive.

Dealing with the British losses in the action of September 25, the report says: "I deeply regret the heavy casualties incurred in this battle, but, in view of the great strength of the position, the stubborn defence of the enemy and the powerful artillery by which he was supported, I do not think they were excessive. I am happy to be able to add that the proportion of slightly wounded was relatively large indeed."

Sir John here refers to the improvement in the artillery and the arrival of British reinforcements, saying:

"Since my last dispatch the army has received large reinforcements, and every reinforcement has had its quota of heavy artillery. In addition, numerous heavy guns and howitzers have been added to the strength of the heavy artillery. The arrival of these reinforcements in the field tested the capacity of the artillery as a whole to expand and meet the requirements of the enemy."

"Our enemy may have hoped, and not, perhaps, without reason, that it would be impossible for us, starting from such small beginnings, to build up an efficient artillery to provide for a very large expansion of the army. If he entertained such hopes he has now been justified by results."

Exceeded Expectations.

"The efficiency of the artillery and the new armies exceeded all expectations, and during the period under review excellent services have been rendered by the territorial artillery. The repulse of the enemy attacks both in the neighborhood of Loos and Bullecourt with such heavy losses shows the capacity of the artillery to concentrate its fire promptly and effectively at a moment's notice."

Of the use by the British forces of gas, Field-Marshal French says the reported use of gas by the Germans compelled him to resort to a similar method.

"A detachment was organized for this purpose and took part in the operations commencing September 25 for the first time," says the report.

"Although the enemy was known to have prepared for such reprisals, our gas attack met with marked success, producing a demoralizing effect in some of the opposing units, of which ample evidence was forthcoming in captured trenches. The men undertaking this work carried out their unfamiliar duties with conspicuous gallantry and coolness and are confident of their ability to more than hold their own should the enemy again resort to this method of warfare."

In the concluding paragraph Field-Marshal French pays tribute to the courage and the French press with the British.

## SHORTAGE IS TURNING ATTENTION TO GREENLAND

Copenhagen, Nov. 2.—The Danish government is taking steps to mine coal in Greenland more intensively. This is due to the fact that it is difficult now to buy English coal in Denmark. The coal famine, in fact, is so serious here that the government is planning to relieve the situation in part by cutting wood from the government forests. Steps also are being taken to increase the production of peat.

Coal heretofore has been mined in Greenland only in an experimental way, but the desperate, there, in the opinion of experts, are very extensive. The heating qualities of Greenland coal, however, are not regarded as equal to those of the English variety.

The government also is taking a new interest in the copper mines of this far northern colony, thinking that the mines are capable of more extensive development which would be profitable at the present time.

H. B. "Imperial" Lager Beer, quarts, 3 for 50c.

## SIR CHARLES FOND OF OUTDOOR PURSUITS

Aged Canadian Statesman  
Maintained Love of Open  
to the Last

London, Nov. 2.—One who was privileged to have a long conversation with Sir Charles Tupper recently spoke today to the correspondent of his remarkable vigor and vivid recollection of events associated with Canadian politics 60 years or more ago.

"There is no doubt," said the informant, "that Sir Charles' extraordinary long and healthy life was due to his love of outdoor pursuits. This was maintained to the very last, and while he loved the seclusion attached to him at his residence in Kent, he vigorously resisted any temptation to spend much time in doors. While he was unable to withstand the demands entailed by full participation in the game, he was sufficiently fascinated by the game to provide himself with a putting green on the lawn at The Mount, where he frequently exercised his skill even this last summer. Visitors to the Mount also have noticed a large billiard table in the hall on occasions Sir Charles might have been seen skilfully manipulating the ivory—another feature which undoubtedly conduced to health."

"While he was the last man who would be affected with hypochondriacal leanings, he never allowed himself to take the least risk in the matter of health. During his days as high commissioner the contraction of a chill would cause him unhesitatingly to take to bed for a full day. In such a case, however, he would be sent up to him and he would dictate replies and transact other business in his bedroom."

Sending Wreaths.

Chief Smith, the Canadian immigration officer, is forwarding a wreath for Sir Charles' funeral. The Canadian club also is sending one.

"Sir Charles' faith in Western Canada never faltered," said Mr. Smith. "His sons have taken their chances in that part of the Dominion in the same faith as their revered father."

Lord Stanburford, private secretary to his majesty, wired the Tupper family as follows:

"The king and queen have heard with regret of the death of Sir Charles Tupper. I am commanded to assure you of their majesties' sympathies in the sorrow which has befallen you through the loss of your distinguished father."

Ottawa, Nov. 2.—His royal highness the governor-general yesterday afternoon received the following expression of royal sympathy in the death of Sir Charles Tupper, from the colonial secretary, Rt. Hon. Andrew Bonar Law:

"His majesty commends me to convey to you his deep sympathy with the government and the people of Canada in the death of Sir Charles Tupper, the last of the distinguished band of statesmen who rendered such signal service to Canada and the empire in the establishment of confederation."

## CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIAN SOLDIERS

Ottawa, Nov. 2.—The following casualty list was given out last night:—  
Fourth Battalion—Killed in action: Pte. Richard Innes, Scotland.  
Eighth Battalion—Died of wounds: Pte. J. Norquay, Winnipeg.  
Tenth Battalion—Wounded: Pte. G. W. Brayman, Brockville, Ont.  
Thirteenth Battalion—Wounded: Pte. O. B. Chapman, Quebec.  
Previously reported missing, now reported prisoner of war: Pte. V. A. J. Wallace, England.  
Fifteenth Battalion—Severely wounded: Pte. W. G. Pavey, England.  
Sixteenth Battalion—Wounded: Pte. Patrick Murphy, Ireland.  
Slightly wounded: Pte. J. M. Johnston, Scotland.  
Twenty-second Battalion—Wounded: Pte. O. A. Laferriere, Montreal; Pte. H. Parriett (no address given).  
Twenty-fourth Battalion—Slightly wounded: Pte. Archibald McLeod, Montreal.  
Wounded: Pte. John Bullock, Scotland.  
Twenty-fifth Battalion—Wounded: Pte. Leo Bartlett, Sydney, N. S. W.; Pte. A. Cormier, Amherst, N. S. (now on duty).  
Killed in action: Pte. J. Beaton, New Waterford, N. S.  
Twenty-seventh Battalion—Died of wounds: Pte. Walter Vanatta, Des Moines, Ia.  
Twenty-eighth Battalion—Died of wounds: Lance-Corpl. L. A. Nixon, Silverton, Ore.  
Killed in action: Pte. M. Kay, Moose Jaw.  
Twenty-ninth Battalion—Killed in action: Lance-Corpl. H. Walker, Scotland.  
Wounded: Pte. A. McLaren, Scotland.  
Thirty-first Battalion—Killed in action: Pte. S. Sheridan, Sprague, Washington.  
Wounded: Pte. H. F. Rolfe, England.  
Forty-second Battalion: Pte. Wm. Sanderson, Terra Cotta, Ont.  
Forty-eighth Battalion—Seriously ill: Pte. Hugh Kelly, Ireland.  
Previously reported missing: Pte. E. M. Phillips, New York.  
No. 2 Canadian Field Ambulance—Dangerously wounded: Pte. A. E. Lawton, England.

## GERMANS FEELING SHORTAGE OF COKE

Have Failed to Find Suitable  
Substitute for Coal  
From England

Berlin, Nov. 2.—With the approach of winter, the shortage of coke that exists in Germany because of the war is being increasingly felt. The stoppage of English coal is responsible for the shortage.

The supply of coke formerly was manufactured from a mixture of English and Upper Silesian coal. Since the importation of the former ceased there has been a vain search for a substitute from which good coke could be made.

Austrian, Silesian, Bohemian, Polish and Westphalian coal all have been tried, and the result in each case is the same. The resultant coke is so brittle that it breaks and virtually cannot be used, with any degree of success because the pieces fall through the grating.

Price has ceased to be the controlling factor in the coke problem. The city of Berlin alone has expended an excess of some \$500,000 marks for coal supposed to be a substitute for the English product, as its inferior quality announced in rebuking a man who had charged that the shortage was due to

negligence on the part of the municipality.

All the coals tried have been fine gas producers, but the result has been unavailable for grate furnaces, and gas establishments that formerly sold coke as well have had to leave their contracts only partially filled. Experiments are now being made with a new kind of Westphalian coal.

## RUSSIA'S WAY WITH THE INEFFICIENT

Petrograd, Nov. 2.—Russia's way with the inefficient is illustrated in the report of the court-martial which has just sentenced the captain and lieutenant-commander of the Russian cruiser Jemchuk, which was destroyed by the Emden, at Penang a year ago. Both officers were accused of negligence.

The court found both officers guilty, and "taking into consideration their unblemished record and their brave service during the Russo-Japanese war," passed the following sentence:—  
The captain was to lose all civil rights to be dismissed from the imperial service and deprived of all decorations. Captain Baron Tcherkassoff to lose his rank of colonel and be sent to jail for three and a half years. Lieutenant-commander Tchernin to be sent to jail for a year and a half.

## NEW AUSTRIAN LOAN IS COMPLETE FAILURE

Paris, Nov. 2.—Dispatches from Zurich report the third Austrian war loan a complete failure.

To China.

Copenhagen, Nov. 2.—A number of Danish dairymen have been engaged to go to China to organize the Chinese dairy industry along modern lines.

Angus Campbell & Co., Ltd.—"The Fashion Centre"—1008-10 Government St.

## Specializing This Week in Women's Suits

—To Sell at—  
**\$17.50, \$19, \$25  
and \$35**

We desire to point out that this week we are specializing in Women's and Misses' Suits to sell at \$17.50 to \$35.00. These Suits will be found to measure in every way up to the Campbell standard of value, and for material, style and workmanship certainly cannot be excelled at these low prices. Make your selection now, while the assortment is at its best.

**MATERIALS**  
Serges, Tweeds, Poplins, Velvets and Diagonals

Trimmed in the Most Favored Ways, With Fur, Velvet, Braid, Buttons, etc.

Special Offerings of New Art Needlework—Pretty Stamped Pieces at 50c

New designs in Cushion Tops, Centres, Guest Towels, Pin Cushions, etc., stamped in fine quality white linen. Choose your pieces at this special price. **50c**

A Most Complete Stock of Embroidery Silks and Threads of All Kinds

New Flannel Waists—Special Value at \$2.50

In different stripes and plaid designs, light and dark colors, made with convertible collars and turnback cuffs. Special value at this price, only **\$2.50**

**RAINCOATS**  
Our stock affords a fine selection of styles, including the famous Burberry Coats.

**Campbell's**

**UMBRELLAS**  
Good quality topst. strong frames, various handles, at **\$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75**

1008-10 GOVERNMENT STREET—PHONE 181

## HEAVY GUNS WILL BE MADE IN CANADA

Dominion Govt. Will Have Opportunity of Taking Over the Plant

Ottawa, Nov. 2.—General Mahon, the British ordnance expert, who, with Sir Frederick Donaldson, is making an inspection of Canadian factories, was the guest of honor at a dinner given by Sir Sam Hughes yesterday.

It is believed here that the manufacture of heavy guns in Canada is practically assured as the result of the investigation made by Sir Frederick Donaldson and General Mahon; but the British experts are not disposed to encourage a venture on so large a scale as was contemplated at the conference of manufacturers and bankers in Ottawa a few weeks ago. When Sir Frederick and General Mahon have completed their inquiry it is probable that an ordinance plant will be established on the basis of a stated order from the British government.

The Canadian government will have the opportunity of taking over the plant at the close of the war if it so desires, or even before that time.

The total of shell orders placed in Canada by the war office now is \$125,000,000. In Montreal and Quebec alone orders to the extent of \$60,000,000 have been placed.

## IT SAVED MY HAND

"I am a blacksmith. I contracted a sore finger, which led to blood-poisoning. After three months of doctoring, the finger had to be cut off. It was too late! The poison had spread to my hand and arm. My hand was opened and the bone scraped. No use! Doctors said hand would have to be taken off. I refused, and began to use Zambuk. I used it regularly and freely for a few weeks. It subdued the blood-poisoning and by the time I had used 7 boxes of Zambuk my hand was quite healed. Zambuk surely saved my hand, and I firmly believe it would have saved my finger too had I used it at first."

These facts were sworn to by Mr. John Evans of 87 Lawrence St., Halifax, N.S., before Supreme Court Commissioner O'Hearn, and the sworn statement may be seen by any person so desirous.

Zambuk cures ulcers, eczema, abscesses, piles, cuts, cold sores, burns, scalds, lacerations, etc. 50c box, all druggists; net weight, 1 oz. Zambuk Co., Toronto, for price.

**ZAM-BUK FREE**

Send this coupon, name of paper and 1c stamp to Zambuk Co., Toronto, for free trial box.

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sertion.

### THE CAMPAIGN IN SERBIA.

If the capture of Kragujevac by the Austro-Germans was unforeseen by the Serbians it was a serious blow to them, for it was in this town that their chief arsenal was conducted. But there is no reason to charge Field-Marshal Potulak with lack of foresight. He must have known that sooner or later the Teutons would bulge towards the south and that they would surge across the Danube and the Sava, and up the valley of the Morava, which, after an advance of some fifty miles, would bring them within striking distance of the arsenal town. The Serbs had ample time to adopt precautionary measures, and we may take it for granted that the arsenal and similar supply establishments have been removed to a less vulnerable region. Slav officials have an uneasy habit of looking a long way ahead, and the Austrians discovered in their three abortive excursions into the little Balkan state that in this respect the Serbs were very Slavic indeed.

It is impossible to gain a clear impression of what actually is transpiring in Serbia from the writer of reports emanating chiefly from German and Bulgarian sources. As the necessity of overruling Roumania and Greece becomes more pressing upon the German higher command the enemy claims increase in extravagance. There can be no doubt that Herr Wolff has rushed his most accomplished Overseas News Service liars to Sofia and they will work overtime until they find their activities useless. There seems to be good ground to anticipate the evacuation of Nish by the Serbs for after capturing Pirot a few days ago the Bulgars must have drawn uncomfortably near the place. The possession of Nish in itself is of no particular value to the enemy but if he were able to advance down the Morava valley he would menace the rear of a considerable part of the Serbian army. If the Bulgars could be thrown across the border the Serbs would have no reason to worry for the Austro-German forces are nearing the limit of their progress through Serbia proper. They have not sufficient forces to back their way through the mountain districts and they have no reserves upon which to draw without endangering their lines on the two main fronts.

Meanwhile large British and French forces are being rushed to Serbia's assistance. Those which have passed through Salonica are concentrating at Krivolak on the Vardar in southern Serbia. Also numerous transports are reported off Kavala, northeast of Salonica, and close to the border of Bulgarian Thrace. An unconfirmed dispatch says Russia has landed troops on the Bulgarian Black Sea coast near Varna, which has been bombarded twice by the Russian fleet. Not only is Varna an important seaport but it is the terminus of railway lines communicating with Sofia, the capital of Bulgaria, and Bucharest, the capital of Roumania. Under ordinary circumstances a landing there would be a difficult undertaking, but Bulgaria is confronted with so many untoward possibilities that her military resources, none too enthusiastically mobilized, must be severely taxed. The bulk of her forces must be engaged in the Serbian campaign and along the Roumanian and Greek borders. If the Russian force which is reported to have left Odessa a few days ago is at all formidable in numbers there are squalls ahead for Ferdinand.

### MT. ROBSON.

While the sentiment expressed in the proposal to change the name of Mt. Robson to that of Mt. Cavell is highly admirable we hope the application to the Geographic Board will not be pressed. As Mt. Robson the magnificent crest in the Rockies has become fixed in the public mind of most of the world as vividly as those wonders of nature which mark the famed Yosemite, the Yellowstone or the Grand Canyon of the Colorado. We do not know after whom it was called, nor does anybody else seem to know, but it bears a name which has won distinction in this province and in other parts of the empire. Whether it be named after a trapper or engineer we may be sure that it is associated with someone who was identified directly or indirectly with this great western country in the days when strong men were giving it a character.

Miss Cavell was a Red Cross nurse. Her life was devoted to works of pity and mercy. Her martyrdom can be commemorated in ways more in keeping with the cause to which she gave her life—the cause of the sick and wounded—perhaps in the naming of an institution for the treatment and training of wounded soldiers, or a hospital or some similar service to which the noblest instincts and impulses are directed.

### SHELL COMMITTEE TO BE REORGANIZED.

According to our dispatch from Ottawa yesterday, the shell committee is about to be reorganized and placed under the direct control of the British ministry of munitions, of which Mr. Lloyd George is the head. D. A. Thomas, the special representative of the department, has been insisting on the change and in an interview with a number of press representatives gave reasons for his insistence which will command themselves to all Canadians who prize the reputation of their country. While complimenting the Dominion upon its contribution of men and munitions he clearly intimated that the British government was not inclined to pay tribute to the ubiquitous middleman and that henceforth the ministry of munitions would deal with the Canadian manufacturers direct. He added that certain members of the shell committee were interested in factories manufacturing munitions, and these would have to retire.

The Ottawa Citizen ten days ago published an article in which it declared that the shell committee was "haunted" by the British treasury for \$3.15 for every dollar's worth of legitimate work. It said that General Herrington, G. W. Watts, of the Canada Foundry Company, and Thomas Cantley, of the Nova Scotia Steel and Wire Company, were representing the interests of munition manufacturers on the committee. This committee is the creation of the Canadian government appointed at the instigation of the British authorities to assist in the purchase of munitions. The British government assumed naturally enough that any body appointed by the Dominion government would zealously safeguard the interests of the British people, whose money it was spending.

The implication in the course of the British authorities is plain enough no matter how diplomatically it is explained. Either the Ottawa government has told London that it dare not acknowledge the interests which played in its office and deal with them on the basis of reasonable profits, or the British government has lost confidence in the inclination or ability of the Canadian authorities to safeguard their interests. We can readily understand that the imperial government is averse from taking any action which would offend the pride or susceptibilities of the Canadian government, but it is confronted with an emergency which admits of no punctilios. Great Britain is engaged in a life-and-death struggle, and the main financial support of the entire allies is carrying a colossal burden which only the entire world can justify. The people of this week, National and individual extravagance must be abandoned. Financial transactions must be conducted on a strictly business basis. The war may be won or lost on the amount of a munition contractor's superprofits. This is a war for civilization, not a heaven-sent opportunity for the enrichment of a handful of private individuals.

### ROUMANIA'S SENTIMENT.

Sentiment in favor of intervention on the side of the entente powers is reported to be so strong in Roumania that troops are kept constantly in readiness to quell street demonstrations. In this particular the attitude of the Roumanian populace very closely resembles that of their Italian kinsmen on the eve of Italy's declaration of war against Austria. There are signs, too, that the court and cabinet at Bucharest are beginning to respond to the temper of the people. So far Ferdinand of Roumania and his ministry have been moderately neutral, the pendulum swinging to the side of the

allies. They refused to permit the transport of supplies from Austria to Turkey and their large and finely equipped army has been concentrated in the Transylvanian Alps and on the Danube instead of along the Bessarabian frontier. This proves that the king and his ministry realize that if they intervened at all their enemies would be Austria and Bulgaria.

Ferdinand of Roumania has Hohenzollern affiliations but he has stated definitely that he will not stand in the way of his country's aspirations. Those aspirations can be realized only at the expense of Austria, so the ruler's announcement is significant. From the late King Charles the Kaiser had extracted a promise of neutrality similar to the pledge he obtained from the king of Greece, but it is unlikely that the assurance was renewed by the new monarch. In fact, promising Roumanian leaders satisfied themselves on this point before Ferdinand ascended the throne. He is free to act, but whether his ministry has been proof against the intrigue, threats and blandishments of Berlin is doubtful. The underground diplomacy of Potsdam usually manages to get into touch with a weak vessel or two. The Roumanian people, however, are in a position to know more about the prospects of the war than the inhabitants of the other Balkan states. They have had more than one object lesson of the entente allies' enormous resources and Russia is their neighbor. They have strong racial sympathies with Italy and France. They are aware that Germany and Austria could spare many more men for their Balkan venture without counting disaster off—that is most important—they know that if the Teutons won Roumania's national aspirations never would be realized. We believe the intervention of Roumania on the side of the allies is as inevitable as Italy's was and for very similar reasons.

### RIDDER'S DEATH.

The death of Hermann Ridder deprives Germany of one of her most influential and industrious propagandists on this continent. As editor and proprietor of the "Staats Zeitung," of New York, the most widely-known organ of German-Americans in the United States he at one time was numbered among the prominent men of the big metropolis, and as a journalist and political power enjoyed a national reputation. When the war began he at once championed the German cause. He defended the violation of Belgium's neutrality and excused the German's fracture of international law as well as the atrocious course of Germany generally so readily that he became the target for the broadsides of the great English-speaking organs of the Atlantic states who are overwhelmingly pro-ally. Ridder, moreover, attacked the Washington government, particularly the president, with great bitterness, a very foolish policy which recoiled upon himself and his family. A noteworthy exception from the comprehensive certificate of character he always was ready to give to Germany was his criticism of the shooting of Miss Cavell, which indicated that he was just glimpsing the real character of the system whose heinous crimes his pen had so often justified. Ridder was born in New York of German parentage. His course since the war astonished his friends and a little before the great conflagration no writer on this continent or elsewhere had been more bitter in denouncing Prussian militarism.

### USE OF THE PANAMA CANAL.

One point brought out in the discussion at the meeting of representatives of the Victoria, New Westminster and Vancouver board of trade, the G. T. P. and C. P. railways, and the Canadian Manufacturers' Association on the subject of the proposed extension of the Panama canal, through the Panama canal, deserves special emphasis at this stage. It is, in the words of the resolution passed by the meeting: "Nothing the railways are able to do can justify the people of this province agreeing to anything that might prevent the securing of this waterway."

This, to our mind, is the crux of the whole matter. The British Columbia geographical advantage of its position as a port of call for the world's commerce has become and will become more and more, the outlet for world trade. To the expansion of this world trade the Panama canal is vital. In British Columbia, because of some more or less prominent advantages offered by the rapid transportation companies, deliberately going to refuse to use the canal and to nullify all the trade benefits such use is certain to entail.

### BECAUSE OF BEING A WOMAN.

It is given to some to achieve fame in life, but others must wait for death to bring that which all men desire. Miss Edith Cavell, the English nurse who was executed by the Germans had lived a life of great usefulness, but only to die that she might live. Whether her activities against German authority justified her execution or not the fact remains that the German bullets that ended her life gave her a larger significance in the world of her day and the world that will remember her soon than all her years of service. And it may not be out of place to remark that Miss Edith Cavell, who was simply Miss Edith Cavell, was the seemingly mistaken German zeal in serving out a sentence of death would hardly in times like these have been the subject of wide comment. A man dying as Miss Cavell did might have received mild recognition, but Miss Cavell has become one of the martyrs of the world.

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### THE ENGLISH WAY.

New York Evening Post.  
Just how the German government has stepped in and suppressed a newspaper, the "Times" of London, whose attitude it did not like. The British government has been too long committed to the policy of letting newspapers and everybody else blow off steam. This policy is not attractive. Some independent mind, and the country as a whole, is in the matter of the press, the exposure of the munitions scandal, but a great deal of steady annoyance is being caused by it. Still, the British government is in a bind. The British government would be that if, in the essential thing, the willingness to make every sacrifice and to endure every blow—the nation is absolutely united, it makes very little difference that in minor matters British individuality and even quarrelsomeness are given a free rein.

### GERMANY WITHOUT NAVY.

Contemporary Review.  
We shall have to allow Germany to keep up some army, as the army training has become such an integral portion of the very life of all nations (being, in fact, to the nation what a university education is to the individual), that the maintenance of civilization seems hardly possible without one. But there is no reason why she should be allowed to maintain a navy, and if we refuse to permit any vessel flying the German merchant flag, or German owned in whole or in part, to enter a port belonging to the allies, we can deprive her of any excuse for maintaining a war fleet, and we shall not be handicapping her spiritual evolution in any way. Indeed, the merchant shipping of the rest of the world can carry her goods for her with equal efficiency and economy.

### GREEK NEUTRALITY.

New York World.  
The "unwavering neutrality" which Greece promises the entente allies is what Greece asked of the German merchant ships to pass through Greek territory from Salonica to attack Bulgaria or help defend Serbia. There is this difference: German neutrality was unqualified to be broken, Germany and Great Britain cannot see that of Greece as a cap of paper to evade Belgium and the Dutch was bound by her own engagements to resist the attempt. Greece has no such engagements. She can do as she pleases at her own risk. The price of German victory is that Salonica becomes an Austrian port.

### KING GEORGE'S APPEAL.

Washington Star.  
The appeal of King George for more volunteers for the British military service may be taken as the last call before conscription. It is a frank, urgent statement of the British government's need in terms that all will clearly understand. Whether it will have its desired effect of bringing recruits to the colors in sufficient numbers to give Britain the required military strength in the field remains to be seen.

### BACKING THE WRONG HORSE.

Boston Transcript.  
The entente powers will win, whether it be in 1916 or in 1918. But this the Bulgarian and Greek kings, having strong German sympathies and no doubt being more or less dazzled by German promises, cannot see. They are led by their selfish notions to "back the wrong horse." This error will cost their nations heavily. Bulgaria will be penalized miserably in the end. Cut off from the Aegean sea, will be reduced to less than her dimensions before the first Balkan war. Ferdinand will doubtless lose his throne.

### REVENTLOW'S DEPRIVITY.

Pittsburgh Gazette Times.  
During the last year we have heard of applications of the doctrine of military necessity that were not dreamed of before. The killing of a neutralized country and the killing of each of its citizens as sought to help their own military forces repel an invading army entering their land without a declaration of war. But it remains for Count Ernest von Reventlow to approve in massacre of the Armenians by the Turks.

### THE LONG BRITISH PURSE.

Westminster Gazette.  
The taxable resources of Germany are exhausted. We have that from the German finance minister, Dr. Helfferich, who told the Reichstag in August that he would not let anything be done that he could not pay for. The German taxpayer, the British taxpayer, on the contrary, will by a gradual process double his contribution to the exchequer during the war.

### GERMANY'S FRIENDS.

New York Times.  
A little more than a year ago Germany was on terms of real friendship with all nations save for one or two that harbored resentment for past or suspicion of future aggression. Germany was respected and admired for her marvellous swift advances in science, industry and commerce. She held a secure place among the foremost. Now the nation on earth has a friendly feeling for her, with the exception only of Austria and Turkey, two powers of such mean estate that for half a century no country

## DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

## News of Very Special Coat Values at \$14.90 and \$18.90

Colder, says the weather man, and there's quite a flutter in the Coat Department. To-morrow women will again be interested in Coats when the above special offerings are on sale. These Coat values cannot fail to attract and interest all who have delayed the purchase of their new winter model, for the values are exceptionally good to say the least. In fact, by a careful examination and comparison you cannot fail to realize that the styles, the fabrics and workmanship are equal to the majority of Coats offered by others at about one-third more. For instance:

There are black curl cloths with large pearl buttons, roll collar to be worn open or buttoned to neck. Neat brown check Coat with belt back and big patch pockets. Plain brown coating made in belt back effect, with trimmings of velvet, black and white checks with wide belt extending all round, also crushed curl cloth in blues and greens. All these and many others are priced specially at \$14.90. While the range at \$18.90 includes styles of all descriptions and materials of a still better grade. Most sizes can be had and early shopping is advisable. Perfect fit guaranteed.

## Special Sale of Velvet Tams Wednesday at \$1 and \$2.50

To clean up an assortment of Ladies' Velvet Tams we have grouped a fine range into the above two prices for a quick clearance Wednesday.

AT \$1.00 there are Velvet Tams in white corduroy, white with black trimmings, also colored Tams.  
AT \$2.50, Silk Velvet Tams in black, also black and colors, and black and white.

## Two Models in D. & A. Corsets on Sale Wednesday at \$1.50

There are two fashionable models in this offering for Wednesday—one model has low bust, long free hips, and is double boned throughout, finished with embroidery and four hose supporters. The other model has the high bust with slightly curved waist line, long hips, double boned and four hose supporters. Very neatly trimmed with lace. Special, Wednesday, at \$1.50.

## One Hundred Japanese Mats—Wednesday, 2 for 15c

No home need be without a good supply of Oriental Floor Mats, when they can be purchased at so low a figure. We have just 100 of these Mats, measuring 16x27 inches, and you can choose from a good range of design in reds, blues and greens. Such a ridiculous price means early shopping to save disappointment.

Other Special Jap Matting Rugs  
Extra Large Size Rug, measuring 36x72, mostly floral designs, neatly embroidered. Special value at \$3.50  
Woven Jap Mat, 27x45 inches, stout quality, in colors red, green, brown, gold and blue. Special, each \$1.25  
40 Crex Grass Mats in reds, greens, blues and browns. Size 18x34, with edges bound with braid. Special, each \$1.50.

## Children's Flannelette Nightgowns, 50c

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No advertising brings such profitable results as newspaper advertising.

**Ask for Investigation.**—The board of trade will make representations to the conservation commission at Ottawa with a view to having an investigation by that body in reference to the shipbuilding industry, and the problem of providing tonnage for the water carriage of the lumber of the province.

**"Lost in the Snow."**—A lantern entertainment, entitled "Lost in the Snow" will be given at the Burnside Road Methodist church to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock by Rev. Robert Hughes. The reading will be given by Mrs. J. H. Madill of Vancouver. Mrs. Gordon White will sing during the evening.

**Ladies' Auxiliary Whist Drive.**—The fortnightly whist drive of the Ladies' Auxiliary of St. Andrew's society will be held to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock at the home of Mr. Withers, "Vesmode." Equitable road, closed parties will be given and refreshments will be served. The proceeds will be devoted to buying comforts for the soldiers.

**Debating Club.**—The St. Andrew's debating club will hold a debate to-night in the lecture room of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Broughton street. The subject up for discussion is the question of unemployment.

**Hot Water Bottles and Air Bags Repaired.**—Work guaranteed. Wilson's Repair Shop, 614 Cormorant.

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**Phoenix Beer, \$1.50 per doz. quarts.**

**On the Piano.**—Use Nussurface Polish, 25c for 8 oz.; 90c qt. at hardware stores and grocers. Made in Victoria.

The rainy season has started in Victoria and Cuming & Co. were ready for the instant demand caused for rain-proof coats. They still have a large stock on hand at 727 Yates street.

**Phoenix Beer, \$1.50 per doz. quarts.**

**For Returned Disabled Soldiers** with stiff joints, contracted muscles, rheumatism, etc., one course of massage and osteopathy. Dr. Ling's celebrated system given free of charge. Call between 2-4 p.m. 219 Sayward Bldg. Mrs. J. Tolsen, M. G.

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**Have you noticed Standard Steam Laundry branch office in Dominion Hotel block.**

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**H. B. "Imperial" Lager Beer, pink.** 3 for 25c.

**New Westminster Leads.**—New Westminster was leading in the tri-city Y. M. C. A. membership campaign up to last evening. The figures for the respective cities being: New Westminster, 2,425; Vancouver, 1,699; Victoria, 1,382.

### ATHLETES' CONCERT

All arrangements have been completed for the concert in First Presbyterian church—schoolroom—to-morrow evening in aid of the funds of the Athletic association of First Presbyterian church, being raised for the equipment of the new gymnasium in the basement of the building.

That a splendid evening's entertainment is in store for those who attend will be sure from the names of those assisting. Among others the following well known artists have consented to assist: Mrs. Hudson, popular contralto; Miss Harkness, whose soprano is much appreciated; Robt. Morrison, the favorite Scottish vocalist; Jackson Hanby, the newly appointed choir-master of First Presbyterian church; Jas. Petrie, basso; G. F. Watson, tenor; and Jas. Walker, electrician.

Quartettes, trios, duets and solos will be rendered by these. The accompaniments are in the capable hands of Mrs. Lewis-Hall and the management of the concert is with the veteran concert-giver, J. G. Brown.

At the close of the concert those who are athletically inclined will be catered to by the basketball match between First Presbyterian church and Metropolitan Methodist church senior teams, which will be a fast and exciting game from start to finish.

**S. P. C. A. Report.**—The S. P. C. A. report for October shows that 25 cases were dealt with, which may be summarized as follows: Horses, 11; dogs, 4; fowls, 3; cattle, 2; condemned horses, 2; one conviction was obtained in the police court.

**On Business Trip.**—Charles L. Harris, secretary of the automobile club, left this afternoon for a brief visit to Vancouver. Herbert, Cuthbert, treasurer of the Victoria and Island Development association went to Seattle on business yesterday afternoon and will return on Thursday.

**"Cheering" Club.**—The British "Cheering" club, an organization for promoting the use of the British "hip-hip-hurrah" has been formed to meet letters and to help give a good "send-off" to those leaving for the front. All wishing to join should phone 1320L.

**Rummage Sale.**—A rummage sale will be held on Tuesday afternoon, November 3, in the Scott building, corner Douglas street and Hillside avenue, under the joint auspices of the Mission Circle and the Ladies Aid society of the Metropolitan Methodist church. Donations will be received at the church every afternoon this week.

**Overseas Mail.**—An English mail, which left London on October 20, travelling via New York and Seattle, arrived here yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock. This consisted of 12 bags of letters and 16 baskets of newspapers, and is in addition to a mail which arrived on Sunday over Canadian lines from London. Nine bags of letters, 40 of newspapers and 42 of parcels post.

**Mid-week Market.**—Wednesday's market will witness over fifty stallholders and a full line of all seasonable produce. With a good attendance of buyers business should prove very brisk. Fresh and cheap vegetables, fruit, meats, fish and dairy produce will be on hand. Farmers are expected to bring a big demand for eggs and consumers requiring these particular lines should attend early.

**Red Cross Vaudeville.**—Among the items to appear on the programme to be given on Friday night of this week at the Rex theatre, Equimait, in connection with the Red Cross enterprise will be a farce entitled "Mechanical Jaws" which is one of the most laughable of skits. There will also be vocal solos by Mrs. Robert Baird and Sgt. G. Roberts, a concertina solo by T. Oliver, and other musical numbers.

**Celebrate "Halloween."**—The Equimait Teachers' club held a Halloween party last Friday at the Lampson street school. The affair was arranged with the idea of augmenting the funds of the Equimait branch of the Red Cross society, and as the result of the enterprise \$7.50 was raised. The occasion was greatly enjoyed by all who attended, games being indulged in and delicious refreshments served toward the latter end of the evening.

**Rowland's Band Concert.**—In spite of the inclement weather on Sunday evening Pantagruel theatre was crowded for the weekly concert by Rowland's band. Miss E. Jewell, who sang "I Hear You Calling Me" and "I Hear You Calling Me" were very popular. The vocalists were accompanied by Mr. Charles. The band achieved particular distinction in the overture to Rossini's "Tancred" and the "Military Fantasia," the ensemble and intonation being very good. Next Sunday evening the band will be assisted by Miss Charlotte Spencer and H. J. Davis, vocalists, and by the ladies' string quartette.

**Centennial Epworth League.**—Centennial Methodist schoolroom was the scene of a pleasant function last evening when the men of the Epworth league entertained the ladies at a social. The president, Edgar Adams, acted as master of ceremonies, and a variety programme of games was indulged in. During the evening an oratorical contest was held when five of the members presented reasons why each of the various departments of the league was the most important factor in promoting efficiency in the society. Cecil H. Johnson was, on popular vote, adjudged the successful contestant. The potato race was also one of the chief features of the evening. Victoria Leigh carrying off the prize. Refreshments were served, after which the pastor, Rev. A. S. Colwell, brought the proceedings to a close with the Mission benediction.

## HAD LAND OFFERED IN HOLLYWOOD PARK

City Has Yet to Take Advantage of Offer; The Assessment Appeals

The two offers of city property for park purposes, in return for city debentures, to which reference was made in city council last evening, are not the first to be received this year, although those mentioned on Burnside road and in Oaklands are the first publicly reported.

The chairman of the parks committee some time ago received an offer from an owner of land at Hollywood, in return for the acceptance of the responsibility for taxes. The property is part of the Gonzales farm, and is level in character. It has a frontage to St. Charles street, and is intersected by another street. The position would be very acceptable for the children at the Margaret Jenkins school, as Chandler avenue, to which the school property faces, runs right from the school to the property in question, and is a paved street. So far the aldermen have not taken any active steps towards taking advantage of the offer.

Learning that the city's case will be called earlier than had been expected at the court of appeal, City Solicitor Hamilton left again last evening for Vancouver. The assessment case is particularly important, because should the city fail to appear, the judgment there will be a plethora of appeals at the next court of revision on the assessment roll. In the past the court has not sat till the summer, but under the amendment to the Municipal act the roll for 1915 will be reported 25 January 10, and one of the first acts of the incoming council will be to appoint a court of revision in order to revise that roll. The extent of their labor will largely depend upon the decision in this case, as the respondents have opened a flood gate of protest which will not be easily closed in case the court sustains their attitude.

Supplementing the report of the fire underwriters' committee on the high pressure system, reported elsewhere, it should be mentioned that the plumbing of the residential property undoubtedly would be jeopardized if the council should allow the water passing through the pressure pipe from the storage reservoir at Humphreys to pass right into the mains without going through the balancing reservoir at Smith's Hill. A pressure of 140 lbs. would be fatal to much of the plumbing installed in Victoria, as well as subjecting the mains to a test which would doubtless involve an explosion. These considerations, apart from the expense which would be entailed by additional engine pressure in case the high pressure system was closed down, forced the committee to the only conclusion it could reach, quite apart from a tacit undertaking to the fire underwriters not to change the opportunities for fire fighting and protection which existed when the Maury Cheney report was issued late last year.

The fire chief is now answering the questions of the commission of conservation of Canada on fire losses and fire protection. Some time ago Victoria was asked to join in representations to the Dominion government to investigate the excessive fire loss in comparison to fire hazard in Canada.

Following this up, the conservation commission which has the ablest talent for collecting information in the country at its back, has taken the subject up. The data will be the most exhaustive ever collected, and a comparison of the information, particularly if it is put out in the handy form of the commission's report on the waterworks of Canada, will be of the greatest value. The information, which was collected for the underwriters' report mentioned above, will also be of great value in supplying the information required.

**Annual Sale.**—The ladies of the Reformed Episcopal church, Humboldt street, will hold their annual Christmas sale on Tuesday, December 7.

"Love a man has just been arrested for a crime committed in 1870." "That kind of news makes me nervous." "Why so?" "When I was a young man I played the Street."

**British-Israel Lectures.** Prof. Odum, M. A., B. Sc., F. R. G. S. 1—Britain, God's First-born Son. 2—Down of Assyria (Germany), and Edom (Turkey). Collections in aid of the Patriotic and Red Cross Societies.

**Nov. 4 and 5**  
At 8 o'clock p.m.  
In the Old Victoria Theatre, which has been kindly lent for the purpose by Messrs. D. Spencer, Ltd. The theatre will be heated and made comfortable.

**A Two Year Guarantee**  
Against defects of workmanship or material is given with every one of our

**Maroon Hot Water Bottles**  
A new bottle is supplied for any showing such defect. You run no risk.

**Fountain Syringes Also**

**JOHN COCHRANE**  
CHEMIST

Dr. Yates and Douglas Sts.  
Established 1899.

## R-E-A-D

OUR Important Announcement ON PAGE SEVEN

## R-E-A-D

**Fletcher Bros.**

WESTERN CANADA'S LARGEST MUSIC HOUSE  
1231 Government Street. Victoria, B. C.

## CORDWOOD, Blocks Per Cord \$4.50

**GEO. BURT**

Phone 828. Office 735 Pandora St.

## IS YOUR ROOF LEAKING?

Then use **Barrett's "Elastigum"**

Stops leaks in tin, rubber or felt roofs. Put up in 1-lb. tins and 5-lb. tubs. GENERAL HARDWARE

**Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd.**  
Phone 3. Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.

## A Word to the Wise

As there is every indication of coal being scarce this winter, we would therefore advise all who can to lay in an extra ton or two before local stocks are exhausted. Then we can replenish our supplies before the winter becomes too far advanced and coal is in greater demand. The

**New Wellington Coal**  
which we handle is of a very hard nature which insures you against slacking and which makes it a very safe coal to stock. Be wise. Order up a ton or two to-day, from

**J. E. PAINTER & SON**  
37 CORMORANT ST. PHONE 53.

## RETURNING SOLDIERS EMPLOYERS

There will be from time to time a number of returning soldiers. desirous of giving employment will for the present, and until other arrangements are made, kindly communicate with **The Victoria Patriotic Aid Society**

## Art Studio

**The Clarke Wilson COMPANY**

We furnish designs of newspaper ads, catalogue covers, business stationery, labels. We make fashion drawings, signs, and commercial illustrations of all kinds.

**Advertising Service**  
We write ADVERTISEMENTS, LETTERS, and compile CATALOGUES. We place ADVERTISEMENTS everywhere.

321 PENDERBURY BLDG. VICTORIA, B.C.

**Rolls of Honour**  
ILLUMINATED ADDRESSES  
Phone 470

**Subscribe to the Patriotic Aid Fund**

## "If you get it at PLIMLEY'S it's all right."

### Slightly Blemished Tires 30% Off

The increasing demand for a reliable tire at a low price has brought this shipment of well-known tires to our Accessory Department. To you, this unusual opportunity affords a chance to save 30 per cent on tire bills.

There are only 35 casings in the lot, including Nobby, Chain and Plain Treads.

30-3 1/2 Nobby.....	\$16.00	33-4 Plain.....	\$19.50
32-3 1/2 Chain.....	\$15.00	32-4 Plain.....	\$18.60
32-3 1/2 Nobby.....	\$19.00	34-4 Plain.....	\$20.20
32-3 1/2 Plain.....	\$13.60	34-4 Chain.....	\$22.25
33-4 Nobby.....	\$27.00	36-4 1/2 Plain.....	\$28.50
33-4 Chain.....	\$21.45	34-4 1/2 Nobby.....	\$34.80

The above casings carry no mileage guarantee.

727-735 Johnson St. **THOMAS PLIMLEY** Phone 697-698



low him all right. But has he money to marry on?" "Money? Where, darling, look at the lovely diamond ring he has given me?" "I have noticed it. That's what I'm



**Satin Underskirts**

\$2.25 values

**60c**

\$3.25 values

**\$1.50**

**Girls' Serge Dresses**

\$5.00 values

**\$2.95**

8 to 14 years

**\$3.50**

**Seven Day  
Record Sale  
Starts Wed.,  
November 3**

**May We See You  
To-morrow?**

**OUR FEATHERS  
FEATHER MOUNTS  
FRENCH FLOWERS**

We Are Offering at

**HALF-PRICE**

Don't Miss This Opportunity

**Many Children's Hats**

\$2.00 values.

**50c**

Children's Caps, etc.

thrown out

**25c**

Ladies' Velvet Shapes

**\$1**

All Smart, New Goods

**Ladies' Winter  
Coats**

**\$9.75**

**\$12.75**

These values are unsurpassed in value, and style, and are offered simply to make this sale our record.

**SEABROOK YOUNG (623-5 Johnson Street) SALE**

**CAFE CHANTANT NETS  
WELL FOR RED CROSS**

Attractive Entertainment at  
Empress Ballroom Well Pat-  
ronized by Victorians

As the result of the attractively arranged Cafe Chantant held last evening at the Empress hotel the Red Cross society funds will benefit to the extent of over \$150. The complete returns have not yet been made, but this very appreciable sum, at least, is expected to accrue to the funds from the undertaking.

The event was well patronized, about 250 people being present. Through the kindness of Mr. Jackson and the Empress management even the sale of cigarettes, by the young ladies who volunteered for this work, benefited the Red Cross fund. The arrangements were all made at very short notice, but despite this everything was carried out with due regard to the artistic side of the entertainment, which was under the immediate direction of A. L. Carroll-Lottimer, a well known dancer of New York, assisted by a number of Vancouver ladies.

The programme contained many numbers which had already been tested with success before a Vancouver audience. Among these were the original sketch, "Hello, I'm a Prince," adapted from "Havana," which was produced recently in London by the Gaiety company. In the role of the Pleadingly Tommy Mr. Carroll-Lottimer himself was a conspicuous and entertaining figure, supporting him being Miss Graeme Lockwood, Miss Jean MacDonald, Miss Margaret Bryan, Miss Janet Drysdale, and Miss Dorothy Bruce.

Another act which brought out the talent of members of the company was "Mamie from Main Street," which was given due recognition by the applause of the big audience which was present. There was rich mimicry in the imitation by Miss Polly Rodden of Charlie Chaplin, whose oddities of form and action were reproduced with great skill. The same artist later sang "She Sells Sea Shells" in a very fetching manner, Miss Jessop ably accompanying.

Perhaps to the onlooker from the more distant parts of the room the dances were the most effective part of the programme. These were chiefly by Mr. Carroll-Lottimer in company with Miss Dorothy Bruce, and included some of the less familiar modern inventions and some original conceptions entitled "In Love," "Love's Dream," and "It's Nice to Dance the Polka."

Mr. Gordon Stuart, of Vancouver, played for the dance numbers, while the other music for the programme was provided by the Empress orchestra under the leadership of Lou Turner.

The ballroom and palm-room were attractively arranged with tables, at which the spectators were served with light refreshments during the evening while they enjoyed the varied entertainment. In the intervals between the arranged acts on the programme opportunity was given the guests to dance. Many indulged in a pastime which has become almost rare during the many counter activities of the present year. Both the army and the navy were represented in the patrons of the event, among the former who were present being Capt. Armon of the 6th Battalion, Lewis, of the 1st Battalion, Dundas, and Capt. Martin, the last named having just returned from the front yesterday. From the naval garrison were Commander Shenton, Paymaster Lambert, Lieut. Pitts, Lieut. Irwin and Lieut. Edwards.

In addition to the programme by the Vancouver artists under Mr. Carroll-Lottimer there were vocal solos by Mrs. R. H. Pooley and Mrs. Douglas McComman, Mrs. Bridgewater very ably filling the role of accompanist.

He was a smart junior, with a rising reputation for genius in the art of cross-examination. Said he to the witness, a garrulous but alert old lady: "How much money had you in your pocket when you say it was picked?" "Four shillings, two sixpences and a sovereign in gold," came the reply, triumphantly in gold. "Did you ever see a sovereign in anything but gold?" was the next question, cynically put. "Yes, I once saw King George in a carriage."

George—"That ink that papa writes with isn't indelible ink, is it, mother?" "Mother—" "No," "I'm glad of that." "Why?" "I've split it all over the carpet."

**REGISTRATION SHOWS  
REMARKABLE DECREASE**

Surprising Lack of Interest in  
Municipal Franchise Shows  
by Householders

The householders' list in the city and district municipalities, which closed yesterday evening at 5 o'clock, shows a remarkable falling off from last year. Disinclination to register is not coincident with refusal to pay the road tax, because there are several hundred cases of persons who have paid in the city and have not filled in the usual form in spite of the opportunities to do so during the whole of October.

When the city assessor's office closed yesterday only 432 declarations had been received, as against 965 last year, though 1914 showed a material falling off from 1912. Advertising and frequent press reference have failed to stir up interest, and the result has been unfortunate, as a large number of people have voluntarily disfranchised themselves. Not only is the aggregate registration, but the percentage of claimants to the franchise apparently falling.

Enquiry did not advertise the change in the law which has placed rural municipalities in the same position as the city municipalities. Only 28 persons took advantage of the opportunity, and although the normal number of householders registering is only about 192 on a freehold list nearly as large as that of the city, it fell to 28 shows the absolute lack of civic interest.

Enquiry informed its ratepayers of the change, but has only secured 32 names of householders, a material decrease. The experience was somewhat similar in Oak Bay.

No clear information exists as to the circumstances which have prompted this remarkable falling off, nor does the absence of men under arms explain the situation, because they are exempt by statute, and the margin in each district between those who have paid the road tax, and those qualifying as voters by making the declaration is a large one.

This month is the one in which the lists are prepared, and the declarations received from agreement holders. As it is impossible without a search in the voters' lists in the early part of December, the district municipalities have not set their courts till about the first week of January. That period was found to be too close to the actual election, however, and the change in the law will enable the courts to meet and complete their work in December, which will be a convenience from every point of view.

**REGISTRATION OF TITLE**

Owner Under Mortgage Applies to  
Court for Order Against  
Registrar.

An application of interest to all who have to deal with the land registry office came before Mr. Justice Clement in supreme court chambers this morning, when E. J. Prior applied for an order directing the registrar of titles of Victoria to register title acquired under a mortgage or else give the notice called for by section 87 of the Land Registry act.

Counsel applied on behalf of the B. C. Land and Investment company, as mortgagees, that firm having obtained a foreclosure order against Frank and Sarah Jones, as mortgagors, and desiring registration of the title. Because the certificate of title was not produced the registrar refused to register the title in the company, counsel stated. The original certificate is being held by Thornton Fell, K. C., solicitor for the mortgagors.

S. Y. Wootton, registrar-general of titles, was heard in explanation of his refusal. He pointed out that he was exercising a discretion in refusing to register title in this case, and that the reason he did so was that before issuing a new certificate of title he had

to have the old one in for cancellation.

The court observed that if the old certificate was being held as a lien it could not be any good, since the mortgagors' interest in the property had been wiped out by the foreclosure proceedings. His lordship did not see why the registrar did not take steps to compel the production of the certificate to the holder. When it was a matter of clearing a title it was more than a matter of discretion with him. After some further argument the registration was ordered for a fortnight, and in the meantime the registrar is to give notice under section 87, which provides that where any instrument required for proof of title cannot be produced by reason of being in the hands of someone who refuses to produce it the registrar may, if he is satisfied that an applicant has a good and proper title, give notice to the holder of such instrument of his intention to register the applicant's title within a specified time.

**ROTARY CAMPAIGN IS  
MAKING PROGRESS**

Mr. Higgins Says Club Desires  
to Reach Everyone Inter-  
ested in Purpose

In connection with the Rotary club campaign to collect funds for the Victoria Island Development association it has been suggested by members of the club's board of directors that all the names of subscribers to the fund shall be published when the lists have been completed. It was estimated that the amount subscribed now is about half of that which the club undertook to get when it launched the campaign. The estimate, however, is not difficult, for there are members of the club who have been reported on as containing some names, but are not completed.

Frank Higgins this morning made the suggestion in connection with the campaign that there are hundreds of people who would like to subscribe but who have not done so, and cannot be reached by the collectors because they are not acquainted with any members of the Rotary club. To reach these persons Mr. Higgins gave the following twelve names of members of the Rotary club, all in prominent locations in the city, to whom those wanting to subscribe can go and sign up:

The list is: James Adam, West End Grocery; George Burton, Gordons Limited; R. H. Brochley, F. R. Stewart & Company; C. H. E. Carter, Carter & McKendall; W. D. Christensen, 19c store; C. Denham, Victoria Theatre; James Hunter, Pither & Leiser; J. D. O'Connell, O'Connell's Limited; A. E. Matheson, "The Mercury"; James Rice, Fairbanks Theatre; E. A. Waterman, Weller Brothers; W. H. Wilkerson, Jeweller.

The president of the club believes that there are many people ready to subscribe who would have signed up days ago had they known whom to apply to. Mr. Higgins says the progress of the campaign so far has been satisfactory, but Rotary wants all the public support obtainable in achieving its object of getting \$1,000 per month for twelve months in one thousand monthly dollar subscriptions.

**EXPENDITURES**

A committee has been sitting to inquire into the best possible methods of reducing public expenditure and effecting the savings which the prime minister has declared to be essential to victory. Every word that he said on the subject when the war was costing £3,000,000 a day deserves to be treble underlined now that it is costing £4,000,000, but we would urge again what we have often urged before, that ministers and parliament must begin with themselves if they wish to impress the people, and must look off the expenditures on the big branches before they start on the small. If the government handle these matters boldly, it is obvious that parliamentary business will be of a controversial character.—London Daily Telegraph.

"Boy, take these flowers to Miss Bertie Bohoo, room 12." "My, but you're the fourth gentleman who's sent her flowers to-day." "What's that?" "What the dickens? Who sent the others?" "Oh, they didn't send any names. They all said, 'She'll know where they come from.' Well, here, take my card, and tell her these are from the same one who sent the other three boxes."

**AS DETERMINED NOW  
AS EVER TO BATTLE  
UNTIL VICTORY COMES**

(Continued from page 1.)

men of the Grand Fleet being, unnoticed, unadvertised, performing with efficiency and vigilance which can not be described, but which has cleared the highways from one end to the other of Germany's warships and mercantile marine.

Where is the great German fleet upon which so much money was spent? Locked up in the Baltic. It does not show its face in waters where it can be attacked. The whole maritime resources of Germany have been reduced to sporadic and constantly diminishing efforts of submarines.

Not a Foot.  
"In regard to the western front, Mr. Asquith said he had nothing to add to the dispatches from Field-Marshal French, except to say that since last April the Germans had not gained a single foot of ground."

"That indeed, is an under-estimate of the case," he added.  
Referring to the eastern theatre of the war, he paid a warm tribute to the fighting abilities of the Russians and expressed confidence in their ability "before long to roll back the enemy." As to Mesopotamia, he remarked the British object was to preserve the neutrality of the Arabs, safeguard British interests in the Persian Gulf and uphold the authority of the Union Jack in the east.

"Our victorious army is now within measurable distance of Baghdad," he continued. "No operations have been conducted with greater brilliancy nor with better prospects." Final success, Carson S.  
Sir Edward Carson, who resigned last month as attorney-general, addressed the house following the speech of Mr. Asquith. He said that in his opinion the cabinet, however useful in times of peace, was an organization and machine entirely incapable of carrying on the war under present conditions. "It was his desire that the prime minister should cut down the cabinet to five or six men who would take the whole burden of responsibility."

**DUMA AND COUNTRY  
ARE CLOSELY UNITED**

Petrograd, Nov. 2.—Vladimir Bourgeois has celebrated his release from Siberia by an interview in the Bourgeois Gazette in which he expresses the highest hopes of seeing the revolutionary reforms he has advocated so long carried out in Russia at last.

Bourgeois was directing operations against the Russian secret police from Paris at the outbreak of the war, when he took advantage of the proclamation of political amnesty to return home and offer his services to his country. But Maklakov, and Tchebrikoff, the two leading reactionary ministers, then governed the country, and Bourgeois was arrested and exiled notwithstanding the promise of pardon. When the two reactionaries were forced to resign, Bourgeois was promptly released. "This dismissal," he says, marks the passing of the old regime.

The inauguration of the duma was lamented by the revolutionists, who nevertheless hoped the duma would be reformed soon.

"No one can doubt that at the present hour the duma and the country are closely united," he added. "Our salvation depends on the duma."

"We live an intense political life," he concluded, "and I do not doubt that Russia stands at the head of the world's social progress."

**TURKISH STATEMENT.**

Constantinople, Nov. 2.—The following statement was issued by the war office last evening:

"On the Dardanelles front there were violent artillery duels. Near Seddul Bahr two enemy cruisers shelled several places ineffectively. Near Ari Burnu our artillery destroyed three enemy mine-throwing positions. Our batteries dispersed masses of enemy troops who were sighted near Mortalman and Elias Burnu."

**SHORTAGE OF FOOD  
GROWING MORE ACUTE**

London, Nov. 2.—Travelers arriving from Scandinavia say reports are current there that the British government now is supplying food to British prisoners in Germany.

The report aroused interest in official circles where the opinion was expressed that Germany might be making overtures through the United States for some such arrangement. The belief is growing here that the shortage of food in Germany is becoming serious.

**WILL TALK WITH MEN  
IN UNITED STATES**

Honolulu, Nov. 2.—Baron Shibusawa, one of the wealthiest and most influential business men of Japan, is here on his way to the United States to ascertain what are the possibilities for peace in the European war in which Japan is a party.

The baron was welcomed yesterday at the chamber of commerce by the Japan-

ese merchants of Honolulu. In a speech at the Country club he said that the object of his visit to the United States is to consult with the leaders of the probable peace negotiations, believing that the initiative in such negotiations is coming from the United States. When the time comes, he said, that will find Japan ready to meet terms laying world friendship as their basis.

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**THINKS CANADA SHOULD  
FOLLOW SAME PLAN**

Montreal, Nov. 2.—Brigadier-General Wilson, the officer commanding the Fourth Division, is heartily in favor of the plan put into effect by the British war office by which men who have enlisted and are waiting—blue-eyed soldiers, or who have been rejected through being physically unfit, are distinguished from men of proper age who have not yet offered themselves.

"I think it is a splendid idea," he said, "something should be done in Canada to distinguish the men who have attempted to do their duty; in fact, they have done their duty by coming forward and trying."

**MANY POINTS ATTACKED  
BY ITALIAN AVIATORS**

Rome, Nov. 2.—The following official statement was issued last evening:—  
"On the Upper Cordovado our offensive made further progress in the valley and on the hill northwest of the Col di Lago. In the Falzarego zone we repulsed an attack on the Little Laguarda."  
"On Podgora heights the enemy yesterday renewed his attacks to arrest our approach, but failed. On the Carso front, nothing of importance has occurred."

"Our aviators continue their raids with success. Yesterday they bombarded numerous points of military importance, including the railroad stations at Udine and Salsomaggiore and trains in the latter locality."

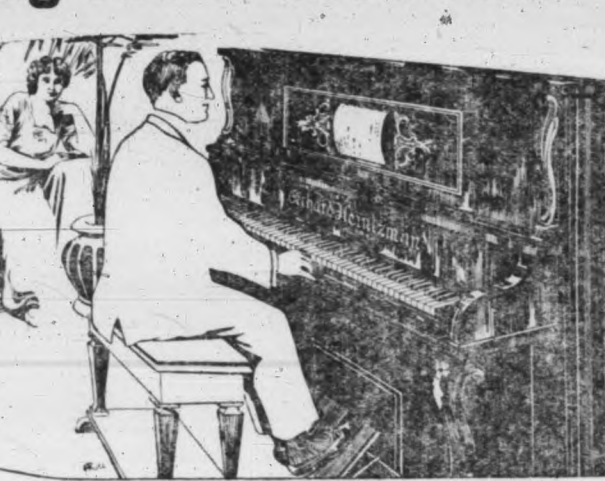
"Henry," said the sheriff, to the negro on the gallows, "have you anything to say?" "Yes, sah," said the condemned man, "I've got a few words to say. I merely wished to state dat dis suttily is going to be a lesson to me."

**Crowds Mark Opening of Fletcher's  
Big Moving Sale of Music Stock**

Yesterday was an unusual day with us. It marked the opening of our first and only sale. It was liberally patronized and those who came were delighted with the big values. To-day will see even greater attendance.

No other similar event can afford such an opportunity for discriminate saving and wide selection. The object of this sale is to clear out our big stock of high-grade music goods preparatory to our removal to our new premises in the Spencer Block.

In this sale we are, in most instances, sacrificing our entire profits in order to reduce stock. In some instances we are selling below cost. Never has there been a chance such as this to secure that piano, that talking machine, that guitar, violin, banjo, those music scores. Whatever you need in music, THIS IS YOUR CHANCE.



**Wonderful Savings in Pianos and  
Player-Pianos**

We MUST reduce our stock of high-grade pianos. The best Canadian makes are represented, and we have chopped the prices into fractions.

In the course of our long career in the present store we have gradually accumulated much stock; some of this is shop-worn; some slightly used. All must be cleared as soon as possible. The prices we are making will do the trick.

If you are in the market for a Piano or Player-Piano, don't fail to call as soon as you can during this sale. Name your own terms—you can't beat the prices.



**Great Bargains in Talking Machines**

Perhaps you have long wanted a good Talking Machine. Let us explain to you what we are doing in this line during this sale. Come as soon as possible. The big values will go first.

**Splendid Bargains for Music Teachers, Students and All Music Lovers in  
Bargain Sale of Sheet Music, Scores, Etc.**

\$2.00 Value for 25c  
Roll of standard and popular songs, to the value at \$2.00, now 25c.

**Small Instruments Sacrificed**

Such opportunities to buy small instruments. The finest Mandolins, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions—what you will, practically going at your own price. We do not want to carry them over. Come in and name your offer.

**All Popular Sheet Music, 5c**

Just 5c for any popular song you want. Buying in quantities, less than 5c each.

**Tremendous Bargains in Every Department—Come Now While the Sale is  
Young**

**FLETCHER BROS.**

Western Canada's Largest Music House

1231 Government Street

Victoria, B. C.



# A BIG SNAP

(To lose an estate.)  
4-ROOMED COTTAGE  
In fairly good condition, lately  
painted and kalsomined through-  
out.

LARGE LOT (x 150)

To 20-foot Lane,  
Good Garden Soil,  
DUPPLIN ROAD

Close to Douglas St.

PRICE ONLY \$1200

Reasonable Terms.

Home-seekers, Here's an Oppor-  
tunity.

**SWINERTON &  
MUSGRAVE**

Winch Bldg. 640 Fort St.

## APPEAL IN AID OF STARVING JEWS IN RUSSIAN POLAND.

Millions of destitute Jews are literally  
starving and dying of the effects of the  
war. Their government is too much engaged  
and has not the means to help them.

They are without food, shelter, or suf-  
ficient clothing to withstand the terrible  
Russian winter.

This is the first time the Jewish com-  
munity of Victoria has appealed to the  
public for aid of their suffering race, but  
the situation has become too vast for  
them to handle by themselves, and we  
are therefore compelled to appeal to your  
generosity for assistance. The money  
collected will be sent to the Jewish Re-  
lief Committee of Montreal, who will for-  
ward same to the Jewish Relief Com-  
mittee in Russia.

Subscription lists have been opened in  
the Times and Commercial Press and the  
following banks, Royal Bank and its  
branches, Canadian Bank of Commerce,  
Bank of Montreal and Merchants Bank  
of Canada.

TO THE BOARD OF LICENSING  
COMMISSIONERS OF THE  
CITY OF VICTORIA.

TAKE NOTICE that application will be  
made to the Board of Licensing Commis-  
sioners of the City of Victoria at their  
next sitting, to be held at the City of  
Victoria, for a transfer of the full  
restaurant license held by me, from the  
premises known as the New England  
Hotel, situated on Government street, to  
the premises known as the Olympia Cafe, situated at  
574 Yates street, in the said city, and for  
a transfer of the said license to the said  
premises, Joseph Quagliotti, of the City of  
Victoria.

Dated this 19th day of October, A. D.  
1915, at the City of Victoria.

MICHAEL YOUNG.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRIT-  
ISH COLUMBIA

In the Matter of the Estate of Flo-  
rence Rebecca Dickerson, Deceased,  
and in the Matter of the Admin-  
istration Act.

Notice is hereby given that under an  
order granted by the Honorable Mr. Jus-  
tice Clements, dated 5th day of October,  
A. D. 1915, the undersigned, who are ap-  
pointed Administrators of the estate of  
the above deceased, All parties having  
claims against the said estate are re-  
quired to forward particulars of same to me  
on or before the 5th day of November,  
A. D. 1915, and all parties indebted to  
the said estate are required to pay such in-  
debtedness to me forthwith.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 5th day  
of October, 1915.

WILLIAM MONTEITH,  
Administrator.

NOTICE

In the Matter of the Companies Act  
and in the Matter of the Voluntary  
Winding Up of The Victoria Ship-  
ping Company, Limited.

TAKE NOTICE that, pursuant to Sec-  
tion 22 of the Companies Act, a meeting  
of the creditors of the above named  
Company will be held at the registered  
office of the City of Victoria, B. C., on  
Saturday, the 20th day of October, 1915,  
at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon,  
AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that  
all the creditors of the above named  
Company are required, on or before the  
20th day of November, 1915, to send their  
names and addresses and particulars of  
their debts or claims to the undersigned  
liquidator of the Company.

Dated this 19th day of October, A.D. 1915.

J. H. LAWSON,  
Liquidator.

NOTICE

In the Matter of the Estate of Rich-  
ard Low Drury, Deceased, Late of  
the City of Victoria.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all  
persons indebted to the above estate are re-  
quested to pay the amount of their in-  
debtedness forthwith to Frederick M.  
McGowan, one of the Executors of the  
estate of the said Richard Low Drury,  
Room 201, Times Building, 430 Fort Street,  
Victoria, B. C., and all persons having  
claims against the said estate are re-  
quested to send particulars of same to  
the said Frederick M. McGowan, on or before the  
20th day of November, 1915.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 20th day  
of October, 1915.

ELLIOTT, MACLEAN & SHANDREY,  
34 Central Building, New Street,  
Victoria, B. C.,  
Solicitors for the Executors.

NOTICE

In the Matter of the Estate of Gilbert  
Ewens Milroy, Late of the City of  
Victoria, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all per-  
sons indebted to the above estate are re-  
quested to pay the amount of their in-  
debtedness forthwith to the undersigned,  
and all persons having claims against  
the said estate are requested to send  
particulars of their claims, duly verified,  
to the undersigned on or before the 20th  
day of November, 1915.

Dated this 19th day of October, 1915.

JAMES J. JAY,  
Solicitor for the Executor.

416-7 Central Building, Victoria, B. C.

## ADMIRAL FLEET BUYS TWO MORE STEAMERS

Rutland and Ogdensburg in  
New York to Be Used in  
Alaska Trade

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 2.—H. P. Alex-  
ander, president of the Pacific Alaska  
Navigation company, operating vessels  
in the Alaska and California trade out  
of this port, has wired from New York  
that he had purchased the steamers  
Rutland and Ogdensburg, of the Rut-  
land Transit company, and that they  
would join the Northland fleet of the  
Admiral line early in the new year.  
Both vessels are now at Ogdensburg,  
N. Y.

Although the amount involved in the  
transaction was not made public, it is  
understood that more than \$200,000 was  
paid for the vessels.

The purchase of the steamers Rut-  
land and Ogdensburg will make an im-  
portant addition to the vessels of the  
Admiral line. They will increase the  
fleet to seven steamers, five vessels in  
the Southeastern and Southwestern  
Alaska trade and two on the Seattle-  
San Francisco route. The Rutland and  
Ogdensburg will carry all classes of  
freight, combustibles and explosives.

The vessels are carriers of 2,327 gross  
and 1,588 net tons, 34 feet long, 47  
feet beam and 25.5 feet depth of hold.  
They were built at Cleveland, O., in  
1906, and are 11 knots ships.

Extensive alterations, including the  
installing of new masts and  
winches, and changes in cargo  
ports, which will be made at New York,  
will detain the vessels on the east  
coast until about January 1, and it is  
probable that they will be able to  
come to Seattle by way of the Panama  
canal, now closed by earth slides.

The Rutland is to be purchased by the  
Admiral line, in honor of the com-  
mander of the Northland Oregon on her  
memorial cruise around Cape Horn at  
the outbreak of the Spanish-American  
war.

The Ogdensburg is to be re-christ-  
ened the Admirable Sibley, after one  
of Uncle Sam's well-known naval of-  
ficers.

With the arrival of the steamers on  
this coast, the fleet of the Pacific  
Alaska Navigation company will con-  
sist of the line's Admiral Devere, Ad-  
miral Selkirk, Admiral Evans, Admiral  
Watson, Admiral Farragut, Admiral  
Clark and Admiral Sibley.

## ANNIE LARSEN AGAIN BREAKS LINES AT SEA

Schooner Broke Away From  
U. S. Mine-Layer, Daring  
Leaves to Assist Her

Hoquiam, Wash., Nov. 2.—The  
schooner Annie Larsen, according to  
last reports received in Hoquiam Mon-  
day morning, was still adrift in a dis-  
abled condition about nine miles off  
the Gray's Harbor bar.

The Hoquiam tug Daring has been  
sent to her assistance again. The  
Daring was unable to find the Larsen  
after cruising all Sunday night and  
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The Ringgold reported that she was  
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## FOG HORN BETRAYED CALCHAS' OFFICERS

Vessel Ran Into Sector Where  
Sounds From Point Wilson  
Were Not Audible

ABNORMAL TIDE SET

LINER TO WESTWARD

Every Witness at Inquiry Was  
Surprised When Ship  
Struck

Judging from the evidence taken at  
the inquiry into the stranding of the  
Blue Funnel liner Calchas off Point  
Wilson on the morning of October 9,  
which opened at 9:30 o'clock this morn-  
ing in the post office, the accident was  
caused by the combined agencies of an  
abnormal set of the tide to the west-  
ward, which carried the vessel off her  
course nearly two miles, and the failure  
of the Point Wilson fog signals to  
penetrate the sector through which the  
vessel was passing.

Capt. J. D. Macpherson, wreck com-  
missioner, is presiding over the inquiry  
and with him are sitting as assessors  
Capt. A. M. Davies and Capt. F. Am-  
strong. A. J. Patton is watching the  
proceedings on behalf of Capt. Jones, master of the ship.

All Were Surprised.

All the ship's witnesses were exam-  
ined this morning. Each was surpris-  
ed when the ship went ashore. No one  
knew she was so close to the land and  
the only reason which could be offered  
for the position of the ship was that an  
abnormal tide had set her in. Each  
witness told of hearing the fog signal  
from Point Wilson immediately after the  
fog shut down, but after steaming a  
short distance the blasts were lost. In  
the past shipmasters have reported a  
sector in which the horn cannot be  
picked up when the fog lifted after the  
ship had struck fast the horn could  
be heard.

Capt. Jones said that he had taken  
every precaution when the fog shut  
down about 9:10 o'clock. He reduced  
the speed of his ship to half speed, six  
knots, sounded the whistle, and saw  
that all regulations were carried out.  
In reply to a question from the com-  
missioner, the witness said that he did  
not use his lead-line, as it would have  
been of no assistance to him at the  
time. He had picked up the fog  
signal and would navigate by it. Five  
minutes before the ship struck the fog  
signal failed him and the ship was  
steering E. N. E. The captain thought  
he was well past the point and was  
astonished when the fog lifted and re-  
vealed his true position. He could not  
account for the two miles the Calchas  
had been set to the westward. The  
deviation had occurred in nine miles  
as she was on her true course when  
she passed Smith Island.

Capt. Jones said that he was in sole  
charge of the ship. Capt. Owens, the  
Nanaimo pilot, was on the bridge with  
him but was doing in an advisory and  
not a tactical capacity. The pilot's duties  
ended when the ship crossed the bound-  
ary line. The ship was bound from  
Union Bay to Seattle.

To Master's Discretion.

The commissioner asked the witness  
whether he had orders from the agents  
or others to run in a fog. Capt. Jones  
replied that it was left entirely to the  
master's discretion. The owners never  
said anything if a ship was late getting  
into a port, the main thing was to get  
her there safely. To illustrate the  
strong tide which was running, Cap-  
tain Jones pointed out that the Calchas  
was swung almost completely around  
after striking until her head was due  
west.

Capt. Jones was asked if he had been  
coming in direct from sea under the  
same circumstances instead of making  
a coastwise trip, whether he would  
have proceeded as he did or waited for  
a lift in the fog. He replied that he  
would have acted similarly, as he had  
picked up the fog horn.

Officers' Testimony.

Chief Officer Gerald Rogers, who  
holds a master's certificate and has had  
24 years' sea experience, said he was on  
watch when the Calchas was off the  
line-kiln, San Juan Island, and set  
the ship's course from there for Point  
Wilson, which was S. 40 E. He was  
relieved on watch by Third Officer  
William Smith.

Surprised to feel the ship strike, and  
when the fog lifted wondered how she  
had got in there. Rogers spoke of the  
peculiar flow in the fog horn, and was  
surprised he had not heard it after the  
first few blasts until the fog lifted.  
He corroborated Capt. Jones in his  
statement that sounding would have  
been of no assistance. The line was  
ready for immediate use. He could  
not explain how the ship was set to  
the westward.

When James went on watch he said  
that the ship was making 12½ knots  
an hour. At 8:05 the Heine Bank buoy  
was abeam. It was coming on hazy.  
Smith Island was passed three and a  
half miles off. He came on deck  
after breakfast at 9:15 o'clock and it  
was dense. He heard the horn on the  
starboard side. By various courses  
the horn was put on the port bow.  
The pilot was trying to get an echo,  
but failed. He did not think the ship  
was in any danger, although a boat  
passed on the outside of them.

Quartermaster on Stand.

Samuel McKinnon, quartermaster,  
came on watch at 8 o'clock, and it  
looked to him then as if it would come  
on thick. After the fog came he got  
an order to steer E. N. E. He heard the

alarm, but did not know whether it



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Greatest value ever offered in an Overcoat. Several different styles to select from and every one a genuinely good coat. You won't get value like this again in a hurry.

Balmacaams, semi-fitting styles, ulsters with high convertible collars, best of materials, new, smart styles; handsome finish.

Your Choice \$15.00

## Underwear Value

Penman's fine seasonable Underwear.

To-morrow, \$1.25



Formerly Fitzpatrick & O'Connell

645-7 Yates St.

Victoria, B. C.

## NUMEROUS UPSETS IN U. S. FOOTBALL CIRCLES

Defeats of Michigan Aggies and Yales Were Contrary to Forecasts

There has been added to the year's surprises in sporting circles another event which went contrary to expectations. This was the defeat of the Michigan Aggie football team last Saturday at the hands of the Oregon Aggies. When the coast team journeyed inland, even their most loyal supporters were inclined to believe that they would come back scalped, but they simply walked through the eastern back, scoring 20 points to their opponents' nil. Among other surprises in the eastern American football this season has been the setting of Yale each week-end deeper and deeper into the bog of trouble. First they lost to Virginia, next week-end to Washington, while Jefferson took them down on a peg, and last Saturday Colgate trounced them. They have Princeton and Harvard for their opponents next week-end, and the following Saturday, respectively. It begins to look as if Yale will wind up their season with five consecutive defeats.

**Crimson Banner Lowered**  
For the first time in five and a half years the Harvard team went down to defeat at the hands of the fast Cornell pack two weeks ago, and everyone looked for a complete downfall of the Crimson team. Last Saturday, however, they showed a remarkable reversal of form, and easily overthrew the Pennsylvania State squad. Cornell appears to be about the best balanced team in the east, and their win over Harvard was the first time that they had accomplished this feat. These teams first met in 1890, and since that date Cornell has never won a games until this year.

**Other Upsets**  
Two weeks in succession the Pennsylvania team has been bumped. A fortnight ago they were humbled by Pitts-

burg, while this last week-end they were knocked under by the Lafayette team.

Michigan, who last year played Harvard for the U. S. football title, have been bumped hard all this season. Two weeks ago they were beaten by Michigan Aggies and last Saturday took another beating at the hands of the Syracuse team. Another failure this season is the Carleton Indians who have not won a victory to date, and who in former years were feared by almost every team in the east. However, there is some cause for their downfall as their great coach, Glen Warner, is now handling the affairs of the Pittsburgh team, which has proven itself a local opponent for any of the teams Syracuse and Cornell will rank high this season, both having made splendid showings to date.

### VIRGINIA BARNETT WINS

San Francisco, Nov. 2.—Virginia Barnett, owned and driven by W. G. Durfee, won yesterday the opening race of a twelve-day harness meeting at the Panama-Pacific exposition track. It was a 2:20 trot for a purse of \$2,000, and the winner, who finished second in the \$20,000 trot at the exposition meeting last spring, won two of the three heats handily.

### RITCHIE WON'T MAKE WEIGHT

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 2.—While Ritchie, former lightweight champion boxer, who recently signed an agreement to meet Charlie White of Chicago, weighing 155 pounds at 2 o'clock on the day of the bout before a local club some time in November, now refuses to make the weight, according to a notice served to-day by the promoters on the State Athletic Commission.

### WANAMAKER TO COACH

Portsmouth, N. H., Nov. 2.—F. L. Wanamaker of Dartmouth College football and baseball fame has been chosen coach of the Portsmouth high school football team for the remainder of the season. He may also coach the basketball and baseball teams.

# SPORTING NEWS

## BOBBY ROWE, BACK FROM HARVEST FIELDS, SIGNS SEATTLE CONTRACT

Patrick Wires Offer to Trio of Ottawa Stars; Dubbie Kerr Wants to Play in East This Winter

After two months hard work in the Pacific harvest fields, Bobby Rowe returned to the city yesterday afternoon and declared himself fit to step on the ice at a moment's notice for a strenuous game. Rowe had a good year harvesting, working fifty odd days, and could have stayed there until close to Christmas had he cared to. Upon his arrival yesterday he was informed of his transfer to the Seattle Ice Hockey team, and immediately signed a contract.

Bobby states that he is down to 115 pounds, and is in better shape than at any time since coming to the Pacific. He is confident that this will be the most successful season of his career.

Sklener Poulin, the property little Victoria rover, was working in the Alberta grain fields for the past two months and is also in good shape. He is now in Calgary and will return to the local club in about two or three weeks time. From then until the hockey season opens Rowe will do road work in the best of condition.

### Halle Does Not Want War

President Rube of the Ottawa Hockey team has explained that he is anxious for a continuation of the good feeling which existed between the N. H. A. and the P. C. H. A. but that they would immediately take steps to protect themselves should war be inflicted upon them. He announced that he had received a letter from Duke Kerr, the star Victoria left wing player, asking for a berth with the Senators, while he also understood that Fred Taylor was returning East immediately.

### Pelicans After Material

It is very probable that the money Eastern hockey players who have been guaranteed handsome salaries to come to the coast will decline. It is reported from Ottawa that Duford, Benoit and Gerard, three of the stars on the Senator line-up, have been made offers, and that they are seriously considering the proposal to visit on the coast.

Later Patrick this morning stated that he had wired Duke Kerr an offer.

## HEAVY ADVANCE SALE OF SEATS FOR ARMY VS. NAVY BOXING TOURNAMENT

Slumber Ran May Fiebre in Scott vs. Leighton Battle; Three Good Preliminary Events

Local boxing enthusiasts, who have procured tickets for to-night's Grand Naval vs. Military Boxing competition at the Willows are assured of four smashing tilts. All entries for the big event are of the hard-hitting variety, and will certainly produce some live milling. Proceeding the headliner will be three fast preliminaries, while the Benson Brothers, flyweights, will box a three-round exhibition.

Both principals in the main event of the evening, Pte. McHugh, better known as Cyclone Scott, of the 6th Battalion, and Seaman Russ Leighton, of the navy, are boys of considerable reputation, who have achieved fame in various points on the Pacific coast. They are both of a rugged type, and carry a slumber producer in either mitt. It would not be at all surprising to see one or the other down for the count before ten rounds have passed. Leighton, and Scott, clashed recently in a three-round set to at the Willows, and they furnished such a smashing bout that the spectators have been clamoring ever since for a return match over a longer route.

Every accommodation will be accorded to the public. The ring has been erected in the middle of the Arena, and seats will encircle it. This morning many carloads of chairs arrived, and were installed. Soldiers of the 6th Battalion will not as usual. Those of the outside people who have not yet secured seats can procure them at the Willows this evening. Corp. Jimmy Hewitt, well known throughout Canada as a boxing referee, will be the third-man in the ring for the main event, while Lieut. R. J. Burke will referee the preliminary bouts. The first event will commence at 8 o'clock promptly.

The following is the complete programme:

Twelve rounds—Cyclone Scott, Western Scots, vs. Russ Leighton, navy.

Six rounds, eight rounds—Pte. Augustine, Western Scots, vs. Seaman Hollingum, navy.

125 pounds, six rounds—Pte. Boyce, Western Scots, vs. Pte. Dunn, Western Scots.

Six rounds, Pte. Seedhouse, navy, vs. Pte. Parsons, Western Scots.

Flyweights—Exhibition by the Benson brothers.

## SALT LAKE INFILDER LEADS COAST HITTERS

Heilman, of Frisco, Was Runner-up; Claude Williams Easily Leads Pitchers

Averages for the season show that Bandy Heilman led the Coast league hitters by hitting one point over Harry Heilman, who had .37.

### Averages for the season of 1915:

Player	Club	AB	R	H	Per
Allen, S. F.	Fr.	4	6	2	.500
Wolfe, S. F.	Fr.	1	1	1	.500
Brief, S. F.	Fr.	33	6	22	.366
Holman, S. F.	Fr.	250	5	155	.362
Wolfe, S. F.	Fr.	18	4	15	.360
Ellison, S. F.	Fr.	4	14	22	.343
Johnston, O.	Fr.	28	18	39	.340
Steele, O.	Fr.	30	10	25	.333
Ryan, S. F.	Fr.	22	23	24	.323
Bow, S. F.	Fr.	28	17	23	.322
Gardner, O.	Fr.	59	9	23	.321
Willott, V.	Fr.	59	39	23	.320
Southworth, P.	Fr.	18	18	20	.310
Ellison, S. F.	Fr.	68	19	22	.309
Olson, S. F.	Fr.	120	12	25	.308
Tracy, P.	Fr.	44	9	14	.307
Gillman, S. F.	Fr.	6	2	3	.302
Roberts, S. F.	Fr.	24	7	17	.301
Heilman, S. F.	Fr.	168	14	56	.300
McGarry, S. F.	Fr.	14	16	28	.300
McGarry, S. F.	Fr.	14	16	28	.300
McGarry, S. F.	Fr.	14	16	28	.300

### League Leaders

Leading run-batters: McGarry, L. A. 16; Schaller, S. F. 14; Shinn, S. F. 12; Johnston, O. 12; Olson, S. F. 12; Ellis, S. F. 12; Ryan, S. F. 12.

### Leading home-run hitters: Schaller, S. F. 10; Gordon, S. F. 10; Laidie, S. F. 10.

Leading batting averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280; Johnston, O. .270; Olson, S. F. .260; Ellis, S. F. .250; Ryan, S. F. .240.

### Leading sacrifice hitters: McGarry, L. A. 10; Schaller, S. F. 10; Shinn, S. F. 10.

Leading slugging averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280; Johnston, O. .270; Olson, S. F. .260; Ellis, S. F. .250; Ryan, S. F. .240.

### Leading fielding averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading error averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading double-play averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading triple-play averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading grand-slam averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading home-run averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading RBI averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading stolen-base averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading caught-stealing averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading pick-off averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading balk averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading wild-pitch averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading unearned-run averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading earned-run averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading WHIP averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading ERA averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP+ averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP- averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-2 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-3 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-4 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-5 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-6 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-7 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-8 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-9 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-10 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-11 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-12 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-13 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-14 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-15 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-16 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-17 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-18 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-19 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-20 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-21 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-22 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-23 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-24 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-25 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-26 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-27 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-28 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-29 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-30 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-31 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-32 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-33 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-34 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-35 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-36 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-37 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-38 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-39 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-40 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-41 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-42 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-43 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

### Leading FIP-44 averages: McGarry, L. A. .300; Schaller, S. F. .290; Shinn, S. F. .280.

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## COACH FRANK HINKEY DISPOSED OF BY YALE

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 2.—The disastrous showing of the Yale football team this year, when one of the best teams in the history of the school was looked for, caused an upset in Yale coaching circles yesterday, when Coach Frank Hinkey was practically removed from responsibility and former Captain Thomas K. Sherin put at the head of the staff for the remainder of the year.

Yale's last Saturday's defeat fanned the feeling against Hinkey to such an extent that the team was taken out of his hands and Hinkey resigned to an assistant. His attention will be devoted to developing the end work.

Despite the fact that Hinkey has a two-year contract, it is announced that he will not return next year and that a new coach will be appointed at the end of the present season.

Coach Frank Hinkey at Yale discarded the passing game this year because of its uncertainty, yet Washington and Jefferson defeated the Blue with forward passes and nothing else.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 2.—Nelson A. Talbot, an assistant coach of the Yale football team and the official press representative of the eleven, denied last night that Frank Hinkey had actually been deposed at head coach, to be succeeded by Tom Sherin. Talbot's statement follows:

"Frank Hinkey will be head coach of the Yale team the rest of the season. Sherin has been asked to come back to coach, but not as head coach. Hinkey was at the field yesterday. Some may be asked to act as field marshal, but Hinkey will be consulted."

### FOOTBALL MEETING TO-NIGHT

A meeting of the Victoria Football association will be held this evening at 8 o'clock in the Y. M. C. A. Business of importance will be transacted.

## 'FRISCO BADLY BEATEN.

San Francisco, Nov. 2.—The All Stars made it two all yesterday by defeating San Francisco 13 to 3. The major leaguers fell on the offerings of Brown and Cavet with great relish, polling out eighteen safeties, every player on the team getting at least one. The Stars were very erratic, furnishing as much trouble while the All Stars fielded perfectly. There will be no game to-morrow as the Stars will receive formally the 1915 Pacific Coast League pennant during the San Francisco day celebration at the Panama-Pacific exposition.

**Score** — R. H. F. All Stars 13, S. F. 3. San Francisco 13, All Stars 3. Batteries: (Cleveland) and Stankovic, Brown, Cavet and Sepulveda, Schmidt. All Americans Win.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Nov. 2.—All Americans 7, All Nationals 6.

**WEINERT BEATEN.**  
New York, Nov. 2.—Jack Dillon, the Indianapolis aspirant for Jess Willard's title, yesterday defeated Charley Weinert of Newark, N. J., on points, in their ten-round battle here in Madison Square Garden. Dillon, although outweighed fourteen pounds, led his big opponent all the way and had little trouble getting the newspaper decision. Dillon may be matched with Moran for the first crack at the heavyweight champion, in the same ring in the near future.

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**ALBANIAN BANDS BEING ARMED BY AUSTRIANS**

Rome, Nov. 2.—"Austria-Hungary" declares the "Messagero," is arming Albanian bands with a view to harrying the rear of the Serbian army and assisting the Bulgarian forces to reach the Adriatic.

78,300 REMOVED.

London, Nov. 2.—From April 25 to October 20, 3,300 officers and 25,000 men were removed from Gallipoli peninsula because of sickness, according to announcement in the House of Commons this evening.

She sailed into the telegraph office and rapped on the counter. As the clerk came forward to meet her, he remembered that she had been there about ten minutes before. He wondered what she wanted this time. "Oh," she said, "let me have that telegram I wrote just now. I forgot something important. I wanted to understand her, 'forfeited lovely' in acknowledging the receipt of that bracelet. Will it cost anything extra?" "No, ma'am," said the clerk as he handed her the message. The young lady drew two heavy lines beneath the words and said: "It's awfully good of you to let me do that. It will please Arthur ever so much."

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## A THING THAT NEVER WILL TAKE PLACE

What Germany Would Do If Possible for Her To Win

London, Nov. 2.—Professor M. E. Sadler, vice-chancellor of Leeds University, in a remarkable speech last night said:

"If the Germans should win they would levy on the United Kingdom a stupendous fine of no less than £1,000,000,000. To secure payment they would occupy the country with an armed force, take control of the Imperial treasury and the financial system, including the banks, and proceed to realize on their claim."

"Their first step would be to get as much indemnity as possible by a levy on our possessions. They would seize our merchant ships and transfer the whole to the German flag. All our coal mines and other valuable deposits would be confiscated.

"The British museum and the national gallery would be stripped of their treasures. Private collections of pictures, books, furniture, china, bronzes and jewels would all be seized.

"Every private bank balance would be confiscated and all securities taken over without any compensation. The railways and other means of communication would be forfeited.

"Germany also would control the customs and the postal service. What remained unpaid would be raised by taxation imposed under German direction and enforced by German arms."

## SECRETARY LANSING LISTENED ATTENTIVELY

Washington, Nov. 2.—The project of a conference of delegates from the neutral countries with a view to expediting the return of peace, was discussed with Secretary Lansing by Miss Crystal McMillan, of London, a worker for the cause. She explained the situation, saying that the neutral governments to seek representatives to a conference at whatever place that could be agreed upon to discuss the question of the Lusitania. The secretary listened attentively.

## TO GET \$10,000, SAYS COURT OF APPEAL

C. S. Bergklint Was Injured Working for Western Canadian Power Co.

Vancouver, Nov. 2.—By a decision of the Court of Appeals handed down today, Charles S. Bergklint, a laborer, is confirmed in a judgment he recently received from a Vancouver jury awarding him \$10,000 damages against the Western Canada Power Company. Bergklint was injured by a fall of rock while at work in the "glory hole" of the Stave Lake power plant nearly four years ago. Since that time the case has been traveling round the courts.

An interesting piece of human interest in the story of the long drawn out litigation is that the net result to the Western Canada Power Company of its appealing through the courts is that it has lost \$4,500 and a large bill of law costs in addition more than it was called upon to pay in the first instance.

At the first trial three years ago the jury which heard the case in Vancouver awarded Bergklint a verdict of \$5,000 and costs. This was appealed at once by the Western Canada Power Company to the Court of Appeals on the ground that the verdict was against the weight of evidence and on technical grounds. The Court of Appeals reversed the judgment and ordered the case to be dismissed.

S. S. Taylor, K. C., counsel for Bergklint, at once entered an appeal with the Supreme Court of Canada, with the result that a new trial was accorded to Bergklint. At the second trial the jury awarded a verdict of \$10,000. This was appealed from at the last sitting of the Appeal Court in Victoria, when the award of \$10,000 was upheld.

Mr. Taylor acted, throughout, as counsel for Bergklint and Sir Charles Hildbert Tupper as counsel for the Western Canada Power Company.

## OPINION ENTERTAINED BY BULGARIAN LEADERS

London, Nov. 2.—A special dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Rome says:

"The Athens Nea Hmera" announces that the demobilization of the Greek army will depend on the result of the Bulgarian campaign against Serbia. The newspaper says, will demobilize at the same time as Bulgaria, which, according to the estimates of Bulgarian military leaders, will finish fighting in six weeks. Bulgaria has insisted Greece that the Bulgarian army, operating in Macedonia, have a limited programme and that after the occupation of Macedonia north of Monastir, Bulgaria will not push her advance further unless attacks by Serbian and Anglo-French armies force her to do so. It is thus confirmed that Monastir does not enter into the Bulgarian programme of expansion, being reserved to Greece as a reward for her neutrality.

## PRINCE VON BUELOW IN SWITZERLAND NOW

Geneva, Nov. 2.—The Swiss press is commenting extensively on the visit of Prince von Buelow in Switzerland. Although it is stated that the prince has come to Switzerland merely for a holiday, the Basel Nachrichten asserts he is accompanied by two high officials of the German foreign office.

It is known here that Prince von Buelow shortly will meet Monsignor Machetti, papal delegate to Switzerland.

Geneva newspapers state that the movement in favor of peace negotiations has been carried to such a point that the meeting place of the proposed peace conference is under discussion now. They say this congress will be held in Switzerland and that the central powers favor Berne and the quadruple entente Geneva. Consequently, the press argues, the presence of Prince von Buelow in Switzerland seems to have a political object.

## BERNSTORFF AND LANSING ARE NEGOTIATING AGAIN

Washington, Nov. 2.—Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, and Secretary Lansing had their first conversation to-day since the settlement of the Arabic case and took into consideration the question of the Lusitania. The loss of more than 2,000 American lives was the subject of the conversation.

Although to-day was but the first of what probably will be a long series of parleys on the subject, there was a noticeable feeling of confidence that an agreement ultimately would be reached, and that there would be no new crisis over the situation.

## CLAIM THEIR FORCES HAVE MOVED FORWARD

Berlin, Nov. 2.—It is stated in the official report issued to-day that the German advance on Riga from the west has made further progress in the Dvinsk region since fighting is under way, and that the Russians, undertaking a strong offensive movement, were repulsed with heavy losses.

## NO CONFIRMATION OF REPORT FROM SALONICA

London, Nov. 2.—The Roumanian cabinet has resigned, according to an entirely unconfirmed report received here to-day by the Central News from Salonica.

## DOMINION GOVT. HAS LOST ITS APPEAL

Supreme Court of Canada Upholds Appeal Court in Spanish Banks Case

## ENGLISH BAY NOT UNDER CONTROL OF DOMINION

Vancouver, Nov. 2.—The province of British Columbia has won in the appeal by the Dominion government to the supreme court of Canada in the famous Spanish banks case. The result of the decision to-day gives the Spanish banks to the province and upholds the contention of the government that English Bay is not a harbor and therefore not Dominion waters. It is possible that the case will be taken to the Privy Council.

The judgment handed down to-day upholds Mr. Justice Macdonald and the appeal court of British Columbia. The suit, though styled the attorney-general of Canada against the Ritchie Contracting company, was really an action between the Dominion government and the government of British Columbia, to decide which has authority over the valuable sand deposits at Spanish banks, which lie just inside the bay at Point Grey. For years the Ritchie Contracting company and other local firms had been obtaining building sand there, but a year ago an exclusive lease of the bank was given by the Dominion government to the Ritchie Contracting company. As the local companies refused to recognize the exclusive lease of the sand, proceedings were instituted by the Dominion government against the Ritchie company to enforce the authority it claimed over the banks. The attorney-general of British Columbia came to the assistance of the Ritchie company, and a lengthy lawsuit was embarked on with the resources of both governments.

At the trial before Mr. Justice Macdonald the legal question resolved itself into whether at the time British Columbia entered confederation, 1871, English Bay was regarded and used as a harbor within the meaning of the British North America Act. If so it passed to the control of the Dominion; if not, the control remained vested with the provincial authorities. A large number of old-timers were called by both sides to support the rival contentions. It was shown that the ships used to anchor in English bay. Ancient admiralty charts and publications also were put in as evidence by the Dominion government to support its claim that the harbor of Burrard inlet as far back as 1814 commenced at a line drawn from Point Atkinson to Point Grey.

## IMPORTANT JUDGMENT HANDED DOWN TO-DAY

Appeal Court Holds School Buildings Subject to Mechanics' Liens

Vancouver, Nov. 2.—An important mechanic's lien judgment which holds that school buildings can be made subject to mechanics' liens, was handed down by the court of appeal this morning in the suit of Hazel vs. Lund, arising out of the building of the Magee school at Point Grey. The judgment is of additional importance because there is no further appeal allowed in mechanic's liens actions beyond the provincial appeal court. The judgment holds that school board buildings built between \$13,000 and \$14,000 debts incurred by S. J. Lund, the chief contractor in the building of the Magee school.

Hazel, the plaintiff, is a plastering contractor, in whose name a large number of mechanic's lien actions against the school trustees were consolidated. At the trial Judge Grant held that liens could be put on the school property bonded by contractors, thus making the board liable.

The appeal was heard by Chief Justice Macdonald and Justices Martin, Gairdner and McPhillips. Mr. Justice Irving was absent through illness. The reasons for judgment, which are highly technical, show that the court was evenly divided, the chief justice and Mr. Justice Gairdner holding that the appeal should be dismissed, and Judge McPhillips stating that in their opinion the appeals should be allowed and the lien refused.

Under those circumstances the court was obliged to fall back upon the old rule, when the court had only four members, and where a division occurred to uphold the decision of the trial judge.

The judgment is expected to strengthen greatly the case for the appellants in an appeal which E. M. N. Woods is bringing on behalf of a number of contractors who are claiming a lien on the building of the Old Men's Home. Previously it had been a moot point as to whether school premises held by trustees could be made the subject of liens.

## GENERAL MAUNOURY GOVERNOR OF PARIS

Paris, Nov. 2.—General Maunoury to-day succeeded General Gallieni as military governor of Paris.

## A BLOW AT HEART OF TURKISH EMPIRE

Great Benefits Would Have Followed Forcing of Dardanelles, Says Asquith

London, Nov. 2.—Speaking in the House of Commons to-day of the objects of the attack on the Dardanelles, Mr. Asquith said:

"The view was, that it would influence the Balkan situation, would open the way for supplies for the Russians and strike a blow at the heart of the Turkish empire.

"Naval operations continued systematically for a month, until they culminated in the attack on the Narrows, which resulted in a setback. It was suggested then that aid of an adequate military force the attack could be driven home with success."

General Sir Ian Hamilton was sent out and reported he was in agreement with the suggestion that a joint naval and military attack was necessary. In the whole course of the war I have never sustained a keener disappointment than in the failure of these operations."

Mr. Asquith pointed out that if the efforts to force the Dardanelles had been successful they would have been of immeasurable value.

"They did not succeed," he continued, "notwithstanding the magnificent exhibition and never surpassed gallantry of our troops."

The prime minister then said that in the Sea of Marmora, up to October 27, British submarines had sunk or damaged two battleships, five gunboats, one torpedo boat, eight transports and 19 supply ships. He alluded to the services of the novel monitors, which he said were largely the creation of Baron Fisher.

Following Mr. Asquith, Sir Edward Carson, who resigned as attorney-general, condemned the government's early attitude toward Serbia and declared that more rigorous steps should be taken to secure assistance for her.

He advocated a cabinet of five members.

## SEATTLE WHALERS HAD GOOD YEAR IN ALASKA

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 2.—Coming from Bering Sea through the dirtiest weather the Alaska coast has seen this summer, two rusty and weather-beaten steelhulls have just reached port. They were the steam whalers Unimak and Kodiak. The Unimak, which has been put in as evidence by the Dominion government to support its claim that the harbor of Burrard inlet as far back as 1814 commenced at a line drawn from Point Atkinson to Point Grey.

## PROFESS TO BELIEVE OFFENSIVE IS FAILING

Vienna, Nov. 2.—In the statement handed out to-day the "war office" says that the general Italian offensive which has been in progress for a fortnight has been met successfully by the Austrians and is beginning to decline. The announcement follows:

"The third Italian attack against our coastal front began on October 23 and was renewed with fresh troops on October 28, begins to fail.

"Though the battle may flame up again, the attempted offensive of the main front with at least twenty-five infantry divisions (30,000 men) which the Italian command announced with brave words has collapsed on the unshakable wall of our victorious troops.

"In the battles of the second half of October the enemy lost at least 150,000 more men."

## MANY MESSAGES SENT TO BEXLEY HEATH

London, Nov. 2.—A large number of messages from all parts of the empire continue arriving at The Mount, Bexley Heath, the home of the late Sir Charles Tupper.

The remains will be conveyed to Canada by the S. S. Metagama, leaving on Friday, for Montreal at Halifax, where Lady Tupper was buried. A private service will be held at the residence. There also is a suggestion by the Canadian society for a memorial service in London.

Mrs. Gray and Miss Cameron, granddaughters, will sail for Canada on the Metagama.

## HE ASKS ALL TO BE READY TO SUBSCRIBE

Montreal, Nov. 2.—"Produce as much as possible and exercise reasonable economy," this was the theme of the address which Hon. W. T. White, minister of finance, gave to-day at a luncheon of the Canadian club.

"The economic motto for Canada," he said, "is self production, production, and again production."

Previously to the war, Mr. White said, Canada had had a large adverse trade balance, amounting for the fiscal year 1913 to \$200,000,000, for 1914 to \$180,000,000, and for the six months from April 1, 1914, to Sept. 30, 1914, to \$64,000,000.

"For the six months ended Sept. 30," he continued, "our excess of exports over imports was \$45,000,000, and the trade balance in our favor is increasing steadily."

In view of this favorable showing a domestic war loan would be announced soon, and he asked all to prepare to subscribe.

## F. W. STEVENSON & CO.

**STOCKS AND BONDS**

104-106 Pemberton Building Tel. 362

## Financial News

## LUCKY JIM ZINC WAS ACTIVE ISSUE TO-DAY

Sold at Higher Level; Grabby Held Fast Unchanged

Major interest shifted from Grabby to Lucky Jim Zinc to-day. Shares of the latter soon after the opening of the exchange were bartered quite actively and at a price range well over yesterday's. This reflected the condition ruling in the Spokane market, where the boys have obtained first prominence.

Owing to the state elections the American exchanges were closed for the day, which narrowed considerably the speculative area in Grabby Consolidated. The quotation held fast at Monday's market.

Slight betterment obtained in Standard Lead, due to persistent demand of an investment character which always will redeem the level following any set-back.

Rambler acted in an easier manner.

Blackbird Syndicate	115.00	121.00
Can. Copper Co.	97	98
Crow's Nest Coal	64.94	72.00
Can. Cons. S. & B.	12.00	12
Coronation Gold	39	39
Grabby	87.50	89.00
Int. Coal & Coke Co.	11	12
Lucky Jim Zinc	104	104
Metallurgical Coal	14	15
Portland Cement	20	21
Rambler Carbon	30	32
Standard Lead	1.43	1.50
Snowstorm	14	15
Stewart M. & D.	75	75
Slocan Star	13	13
Stewart Lead	115.00	115.00
American Phoenix	115.00	115.00
Unlisted		
Canadian Marconi	4.00	4.25
Canadian Marconi	1.00	1.01
Glacier Creek	1.00	1.01
Island Investment	22.00	22.00
Union Club (deb), new	10.00	10.00
Do. old	10.00	10.00
Portland Tunnel	64	64
American Opera Debts	80.00	80.00
Howe Sound M. Co.	3.50	4.00
Pingree Mines	4.15	4.15

## TO-DAY'S TRADING ON THE WINNIPEG MARKET

Winnipeg, Nov. 2.—Winnipeg wheat closed 1/2c to 3/4c higher, oats closed 1/2c to 3/4c advance, and flax closed 1/2c to 3/4c higher. Prices opened 1/2c to 3/4c higher and for the greater part of the day the tone was strong. November wheat was sold at 102 1/2c, December at 97 1/2c and May at 104 1/2c. The strength was reflected in oats. November was sold at 42c, December at 37c. Flax also was higher, while there was little activity in barley. The export demand and strong cables outbalanced the heavy receipts and continued favorable weather. The cash demand was active, especially so for No. 1 Northern wheat and for tough oats. The premium over November for No. 1 Northern wheat was 4c, and 2c for the greater part of the day. The strength was reflected in oats. November was sold at 42c, December at 37c. Flax also was higher, while there was little activity in barley. The export demand and strong cables outbalanced the heavy receipts and continued favorable weather. 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# WEILER'S DAILY STORE NEWS

## A BURNING QUESTION



A reliable Range will lighten the labor of the housekeeper, who does her own cooking, and ensure wholesome, well cooked food at all times. A housekeeper working with a Range giving imperfect or inefficient service is at a disadvantage and loses money on fuel. "Weiler" Ranges are built to give the best returns for fuel consumed, and will save labor, disappointment and money. Wise people don't look at the first cost of a Range. They consider its many conveniences, durability, fuel saving and baking qualities. Buy a "Weiler" Range and you'll always have satisfaction. Cash Prices \$31.50 to \$85.50.

## HELP the Y. M. C. A.

### Artistic Plate Racks

Give your rooms a quaint, old-world touch. Solid Early English Oak Plate Racks at Cash Price of \$2.25.

See our display of Plates and Plaques, in patriotic designs, with pictures of Lord Kitchener, Earl Roberts and Sir John French, at Cash Prices of 45¢ and 54¢.

### Popular Gift Pieces

We show a very complete collection of fancy and useful things in

**CHINA AND GLASS** in all the new shapes, in a large variety of patterns and decorations, at popular prices.

Notwithstanding their low prices we assure you that there is no piece in the collection that is not worthy and up to date.

An inspection will convince you how low the prices are.

Victoria's Popular Home Furnishers

**WEILER BROS LIMITED**

You will do Better at Weiler's

## Do You Wash at Your Home?

If you do, you'll appreciate the price and quality of these wash-day necessities.

### CASH PRICES

Wringers, each, \$4.75 to \$9.90  
"Eureka" Wringers, with steel springs, \$1.50 to \$9.90  
Oval Wash Baskets, each, 90¢ to \$1.80  
Square Wash Baskets, each, \$1.35 to \$2.70  
Fibre Wash Tubs and Wash-Ups, 55¢ to \$1.80  
Galvanized Wire Clothes Lines, 100 ft., 45¢  
Galvanized Wire Clothes Lines, 50 ft., 23¢  
The "Globe" Wash Board, heavy zinc front, and strong wood frames, each 27¢  
The "Northern Queen," a Washboard we strongly recommend at 36¢

## Every Woman Should Know

The charm and beauty of our splendid selection of Chintzes and Cretonnes, and their almost unlimited possibilities of color schemes and combinations with other materials to produce strikingly original decorative effects at very slight cost. Cash prices, per yard, 23¢ to \$1.13.

## Brussels Carpets

You'll enjoy seeing our great variety of Oriental, floral and conventional designs in Brussels Carpets. They can be made up with or without border, and are laid without extra charge.

Cash Prices, Per Yard, \$1.12½ to \$1.80

## Just Arrived!

Brown Earthenware Milk Strainers, 35¢ Each

## EMPIRE-BUILDING AS VIEWED BY MAGNATES

Mackenzie-Mann Road, Aided by People, Asks Exorbitant Rate on Gift to Charity

The Saturday Chinoek gives publicity to an example of generosity (?) on the part of the Canadian Northern Pacific railway, which it contrasts with the loud acclaim of Mackenzie & Mann as empire-builders.

There is a very large working class population in South Vancouver, most of the wage earners being employed in the city, and in boom times having made homes for themselves in that suburb. The depression naturally has hit them hard, and there is a good deal of want and suffering among the people. The municipality has been endeavoring to meet the situation.

Some weeks ago the farmers of Chilliwack district offered to donate a carload of potatoes, and agreed to pick, sack and deliver them in Chilliwack city to the order of the municipality. Thereupon Relief Officer Fleming wrote to the C. N. Pacific freight dept. in Vancouver, explained the circumstances and asked for a rate on the car. He received a reply, quoting a rate of twenty-five cents a hundred pounds on a minimum of 40,000 pounds; carload lots. This was made up of the company's rate of ten cents a hundred from Chilliwack to Port Mann, and of the Great Northern railway rate of fifteen cents a hundred from Port Mann into Vancouver.

The Canadian Northern Pacific, it must be remembered, in spite of all the promises of premier, Victoria, members, Colonist, and railway magnates that it should be running into Victoria months ago, is still not across the Fraser river, and is dependent upon the Great Northern to get into Vancouver—and even that is not yet a certainty.

The whole cost from Chilliwack to Vancouver would thus be \$100 on twenty tons of potatoes, and in order to get them to South Vancouver there would be another \$10 for switching, so that the freight charges would not be far short of the value of the potatoes. Astonished at the exorbitant rate quoted by the C. N. P. the relief officer communicated with the B. C. Electric Ry. Co. and the answer which promptly came back was this: "We will haul that car of potatoes to any point you may mention in South Vancouver for ten dollars." Says the Chinoek in comment:

"We imagine that the opening of the Canadian Northern through the province of B. C. is going to mean a great deal to us; bring back prosperity. If we have to pay as much to haul prosperity back as we have to pay for hauling free potatoes from Chilliwack over the empire-builders' lines better struggle along a bit as we are."

### THEFT IS ALLEGED

F. W. Miller Charged With Taking Piece of Jewelry in absence of Hostess

On a charge of theft of jewelry, F. W. Miller, who arrived here recently from Ladysmith, was yesterday afternoon in the Oak Bay police court committed for trial before the higher court.

The evidence given before Magistrate Jay was to the effect that Miller went to the Willows hotel and represented himself to Mrs. Lipsky as an old personal friend of her husband, the late Alexander Lipsky. This was on Friday evening last, and later that night he telephoned from the city to ask Mrs. Lipsky if she had missed anything.

On Saturday, Mrs. Lipsky stated, he reappeared at the hotel with a brooch which she valued at \$65, which he offered to return to her for \$20. It is alleged that Miller stated in the presence of two witnesses that he had taken the brooch off the mantelpiece while Mrs. Lipsky was out of the parlor on Friday evening for a few minutes.

Chief Syme was notified by Mrs. Lipsky on Saturday after Miller had offered to return the brooch, and he arrested him before he had left the hotel.

### WAR TAX ON FURS

Agitation to Have It Removed So Far as Imports From Alaska Are Concerned

The removal of the special war tax on furs is being sought by the B. C. Consumers' league, and Mrs. J. C. Syme, the president of the league, has taken the matter up with H. H. Stevens, M. P., with a view to having it brought before the federal government. What is desired is the removal of the special war tax of 7½ per cent on imported raw furs in so far as the special tax affects the bringing of furs from Alaska.

As the result of the tax, it is claimed, traders from the northern territory, who formerly sent large shipments of raw furs to Victoria and Vancouver for treatment, are now sending them to Washington cities. There has therefore been, they argue, no increase in revenue to the Dominion and a falling off in the home trade.

Out at the front, "somewhere in France," two regiments were returning to the trenches when they chanced to meet. At once there was the usual exchange of wit. "Where's this bloomin' war goin' to finish?" asked one North-country lad. "Dunno," replied one of the South-shires. "We've planted some daffodils in front of our trench." "Giddy optimists!" snorted the man from the North. "We've planted acorns!"

For Sale—White Sewing Machines, 1221 Douglas St., phone 639

## TORTURED BY RHEUMATISM

Sunday School Supt. Tells How "Fruit-a-tives" Relieved

Toronto, Ont., Oct. 1, 1913.

"I have lived in this city for more than 12 years and am well known. I suffered from Rheumatism, especially in my hands. I spent a lot of money without any good results. I have taken 'Fruit-a-tives' for 18 months now and am pleased to tell you that I am well. All the enlargement has not left my hands, and perhaps never will, but the soreness is all gone and I can do any kind of work. I have gained 35 pounds in eighteen months."

"R. A. WAUGH," 506 a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25¢. At all dealers or direct from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

## LAKE ROAD SUBWAY READY NEXT MONTH

Saanich Road Work Suffers From Early Commencement of Rainy Season

The expectation is that the subway under the Victoria & Saanich railway (carrying the tracks over the new thoroughfare (Lake road), which is new under construction, from the junction of Douglas street and Carey road, will be ready by Christmas. Present plans contemplate carrying the road to Agnes street.

The Saanich council last fall approved the arrangement of the promoters, who are property owners in the vicinity, but the financial arrangements have not yet been completed. The contract was awarded to Luney Bros., Ltd. The road should be opened to Agnes street by the end of January.

Work on both Gorge road and Douglas street has been protracted by the weather. There was delay at a critical time while the council was deciding what further work should be done this year. Representations from property owners, combined with negotiations with regard to financing the work led to the hesitancy, and as the weather suddenly changed about two weeks before the rainy season was anticipated, the undertaking has been caught in an unfinished state. The owners and residents on Gorge road are anxious to have access, but so far have shown commendable patience. The tie-up on Douglas street affects an important section, as all Carey road and Glenford avenue traffic is crippled by the unfinished state of the roadway. Shelbourne street grading, which is less influenced by the rainy season, is progressing rapidly, although some part of the new road is low-lying, and work would be better done in fine weather.

The condition of these contracts will be discussed at the meeting of the works committee of the Saanich council being held this afternoon.

## OUR LETTER BOX

Letters addressed to the Editor and intended for publication must be short and legibly written. The longer an article the shorter its chance of insertion. All communications must bear the name of the writer. The publication or rejection of articles is a matter entirely in the discretion of the Editor. No responsibility is assumed by the paper for MSS. submitted to the Editor.

### PROHIBITION.

To the Editor.—Mr. Grant, in last night's Times wants to know why there are more drunks in "dry" communities than in "wet," and the answer is there are not more—after the first few months. A certain town in North Dakota which went dry about nine years ago had the same trouble, but also a dandy chief of police. The first offender was fined \$100; the second, \$1,000 and one year in jail; the third has not yet been heard of to my knowledge, although Mr. Grant, in his thirst for knowledge, is at liberty to make inquiries. If Mr. Grant wants further proof here it is, from Mr. Hodgson, mine superintendent of the Copper Queen Consolidated Mining company, of Arizona. This gentleman has made calculations showing that there has been 3½ times less loss of time per 1,000 shifts in 1915 than in 1914 ("wet" period). The accident ratio of 1914 was 2.6 per 1,000 shifts; for 1915 it is less than half of 1 per cent. This is easily explained, for the miners were sober all the time—sobered by prohibition. Of course Mr. Grant will explain it.

The wonder is that Russia has been allowed to lead the way in abolition. In abolishing vodka, Russia has voluntarily relinquished a revenue of \$50,000,000 per annum. I can hear Mr. Grant say vodka is different. Sure it is. But all a man with vodka or whiskey and the result is the same. The result has sickened the decent-minded portion of the community, and I believe they are ready to take a chance on prohibition.

WALTER FOSTER, Maywood, Nov. 2.

"Well," he remarked after a long argument on the question of man's superiority over woman, "at least there's one good, sweet, perfect thing which a man can have and a woman cannot." "Never!" cried his wife passionately. "Never! I deny it! What do you mean?" "A wife!"

## NEW RULES GOVERNING THE PATRIOTIC FUND

Local Branch Receives Copy of Resolutions Passed by National Fund Executive

A copy of the resolutions laid down at a recent meeting of the executive of the National Canadian Patriotic fund in Ottawa has been received by the local branch. The regulations have been slightly revised by the Victoria branch to suit local conditions. The following are the revised laws:—

1. Families in which the father is alive, able-bodied and under sixty-five years of age, or where there are other males over fifteen years of age capable of assuming its support, should receive no assistance from the fund. The fact that the other male members are out of work is not sufficient justification for granting aid.

2. Where there are several children in a soldier's family, only one may be reckoned at the maximum rate, only one at the intermediate rate and all others, no matter what age, should be at the minimum rate.

3. Where the wife of a Canadian volunteer (C. E. F.), has no children, and is regularly in receipt of separation allowance and assigned pay, she should not receive more than \$10.00 per month from the fund.

4. Where it is known or suspected that a man is enlisting for the second or third time, the family should receive only temporary assistance in small amounts until the head office has been notified and the man's previous record reported upon. If there be any doubt as to his being likely to remain with the regiment no regular monthly allotment should be made to the family until the soldier has sailed for the other side.

5. Compassionate allowance should be very rarely made. The assigned pay which every soldier's wife now receives should be regarded as available for special needs. Where a soldier's wife has saved part of this assigned pay it should be drawn upon by her for emergencies.

6. The family of a discharged soldier should, on his return home, receive no further assistance from the fund.

7. As soon as a widow receives the first of her pension cheques, and as soon as a disabled man accepts an award fixed by the pensions board of the militia department no further payments can legally be paid the family from the fund.

8. Families of soldiers who, though they may have enlisted for overseas service, are still living at home and drawing, in addition to their pay, a subsistence allowance should receive no help from the fund. Only when these men go into barracks and the subsistence allowance ceases, may their families be helped from the fund.

9. Recruiting officers should be notified that they have no authority to promise specified amounts to the wives of men who enlist. The only statement ever authorized by the Canadian Patriotic fund is that found on printed cards, of which any number required will be furnished on application to the head office of the fund.

10. No allowance should be granted where the woman, before the soldier's enlistment, was in no way financially dependent upon him.

11. It should be understood that our scale is always the maximum. Committees will go below, when possible.

### CENTURY LUNCHEON.

Rotary Club Will Hold Frivolous Meeting at Empress Hotel on Thursday at 12.30.

The Rotary club has held ninety-nine meetings, and the luncheon at the Empress hotel on Thursday will celebrate the one-hundredth gathering of the members. To mark the occasion the directors have taken in hand the entertainment for the day, and announce a century lunch at which frivolity will reign. A special programme has been arranged in which only the directors will take part. It contains nothing of an educational or serious nature, the official announcement in Sunshine says, but will be entirely frivolous. The intention is to make the century lunch one of laughter.

There are five new members down for election, as follows: Rev. F. A. P. Chadwick, who takes the place of Rev. H. E. Reginald Grubb, Donald C. MacKay, James Paterson and Albert Edward Todd.

## COULD NOT STAND ON FEET

Mrs. Baker So Weak—Could Not Do Her Work—Found Relief in Novel Way.

Adrian, Mich. — "I suffered terribly with female weakness and backache and got so weak that I could hardly do my work. When I washed my dishes I had to sit down and when I would sweep the floor I would get so weak that I would have to get a drink every few minutes, and before I did my dusting I would have to lie down. I got so poorly that my folks thought I was going into consumption. One day I found a piece of paper blowing around the yard and I picked it up and read it. It said 'Saved from the Grave,' and told what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for women."

"I showed it to my husband and he said, 'Why don't you try it?' So I did, and after I had taken two bottles I felt better and I said to my husband, 'I don't need any more,' and he said 'You had better take it a little longer anyway.' So I took it for three months and got well and strong."—Mrs. ALONZO E. BAKER, 9 Tecumseh St., Adrian, Mich.

Not Well Enough to Work. In these words is hidden the tragedy of many a woman, housekeeper or wage earner who supports herself and is often helping to support a family, on meagre wages. Whether in house, office, factory, shop, store or kitchen, woman should remember that there is one tried and true remedy for the ill to which all women are prone, and that is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It promotes that vigor which makes work easy. The Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

We Deliver Immediately—Anywhere Phone your or 4253 der to THE HUDSON'S BAY CO. WINE DEPARTMENT 1212 Douglas St. Open till 10 p. m.

We Sell Health and Heat THE COLBERT PLUMBING & HEATING CO., LTD. 150 Broughton St., just below Royal Victoria Theatre. Phone 552

Grow 100% Better Vegetables LIME In 100-lb. bags, for your garden. Now is the time to use it. Also FERTILIZER Malet & Co., 403 Central Building, Phone 2235

12 in. and 16 in. Blocks Per Cord \$4.25 4 ft. Wood, per cord, \$3.75 2 ft. Wood, per cord, \$4.00 Bark (cut) per cord, \$5.00 Cedar Kindling, per cord \$2.75 7ft. Cedar Fence Posts, each 10¢ 30ft. 35ft. 40ft. Telephone Posts. Carrots, per ton, \$10.00

Victoria Wood Co., Office and Yard, 809 Johnson St. Phone 2274

OUR POSITION for GASOLINE, OIL, REPAIRS AND SUPPLIES in Most Centrally Located One Block east from post office COR. COURTNEY AND GORDON STREETS (Next Union Club) JAMESON & ROLFE Auto Mechanics and Electricians

## On Fish

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE the Original and Genuine Worcestershire, adds wonderfully to the flavor—but use it because it increases the nutritive elements of fish.



**Lea & Perrins' SAUCE**

BROWNED FISH HASH—Mix 1 cup cold cooked fish with 1 cup chopped cold potatoes. Season with salt and pepper and 1 teaspoon LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE. Melt 2 tablespoons butter, put in fish mixture, stir till heated, then cook without stirring until browned; fold and turn like an omelet. Serve hot.



# Our Prices

Ashcroft Potatoes, per sack 90¢  
Uplands Potatoes, per sack 75¢  
B. C. Sugar, 20-lb. sacks \$1.45  
Fine Re-cleaned Currants, per  
lb. 10¢  
No. 1 Jap Rice, 4 lbs. for 25¢  
King Apples, per box \$1.25

Wild Rose Pastry, per sack  
at \$1.55  
Ontario Cheese, per lb. 20¢  
Pineapple, 2 tins for 25¢  
Cox's Gelatine, 3 packages 25¢  
Brazil Nuts, 2 lbs. for 25¢  
Golden Leaf Flour, equal to any,  
per sack \$1.55

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## ABANDON PART OF ASSESSMENT APPEALS

City Council Will Only Proceed  
With Wilson Case;  
Parks Offered

The city council last evening decided to abandon its appeal before the court of appeal next week in the Horne et alia assessment cases, only proceeding in the W. & J. Wilson case. The reason for this course, the finance committee reported through Alderman McNeill, is that the former city solicitor, the acting solicitor, and the new incumbent of the office had all advised that the city had not the slightest chance of success. There was no point of law which could successfully be challenged in the appeal court.

Alderman McNeill explained the course which the committee recommended, and expressed the opinion that it would be damaging to the city, as well as costing several hundred dollars, to proceed with a case which afforded no hope of success.

Alderman Todd would willingly see the cases go to the court because the people involved had secured a cut of half their tax, and when the council came in January to ask for amending legislation the city's position would be greatly strengthened in the legislature by the situation into which the statute had now taken the subject of assessment.

Alderman Dillworth stated that as costs were certain to go against the city, he had come to the point of view that an abandonment of the appeal was the best course.

The council then agreed to the motion. Mayor Stewart stating that the Union of B. C. Municipalities would have a clause dealing with the subject for presentation to the government at the next opportunity.

It was mentioned that the Wilson case is based on altogether different circumstances, and that therefore the prospect of success is appealing from the adverse decision of Judge Lampman is a good one.

The offer of \$20,000 for a park site on Burnside road, facing Oliver street and comprising two and one-half acres, was referred to the parks committee for a report. A similar offer from Mrs. Powers with regard to property on Hillside avenue was also sent to the same source. Mrs. Powers' offer was of twenty-nine lots in Oaklands, fronting back to Myrtle street, for \$12,000, accepting thereof five-year debentures.

The council adopted the recommendation of the fire wardens' committee not to close down the high pressure system. The committee pointed out that there is no more pressure on the domestic mains now than there was before the advent of the Sooke lake supply, and while the water supply has increased by reason of the new system being in operation, yet the pressure in the main section which is served by the high pressure system averages 69½ pounds, as the Sooke lake supply goes through Smith's Hill reservoir, which is used merely as a balancing reservoir. The hydrant pressure on the fresh water system in the mercantile section is only fair, but with the combined high pressure system, which would give 145 pounds pressure, the pressure would be brought up to the proper standard. The report also set out that the dis-

trict served by the high pressure system comprised the most important section, in all seventy-five blocks with approximately 1,155 buildings, and apart from the question of the value of the system as a means of controlling possible conflagrations, undoubtedly the rate of insurance in the section would be materially increased if the system were to be closed down. This additional cost would be far in excess of any saving which would result from the closing down of the plant. The domestic mains running east and west between Cormorant and Courtney streets, from Store and Wharf streets, to Blanshard street, were mostly six-inch, and if the high pressure system were abandoned it would necessitate the purchase of more pumping engines, the cost of maintenance of which would be far higher than the cost of the up-keep of the present high pressure system.

The closing down had been sought by the Civic Retirement association. By-laws were amended to authorize the payment of all fees in the city treasury, those affected being the building, sewer, connections and electric wiring. Hitherto these collections have been made by individual departments.

The legal department by-law, 1912, was changed to substitute the name of the new city solicitor for that of the former occupant of the office.

A by-law was introduced, and laid on the table for the next meeting, to amend the liquor license regulation by-law, so that the council would have discretion in refusing the application of bartenders for licenses, or of cancelling any licenses already granted.

The board of examiners appointed under the provisions of the by-law recently passed by the city council for the regulation of "jitneys" cars will be composed of the chief of police, the city electrician and H. F. Pullen; the last-named being the late president of the Jitney association. All drivers, before securing a license from the city will have to satisfy the above board of their fitness to operate automobiles for hire.

Permission to use the vacant lot adjoining the B. C. Funeral Furnishings company's quarters, Broadview street, was granted subject to the license, A. McKinnon, undertaking not to use the machinery when a service is in progress at the mortuary chapel.

The council instructed the comptroller to prepare a statement showing the cost of the Foxglove arbitration, Pandora avenue, to the city. The taxed costs of the arbitration, the finance committee reported, were \$108, and Alderman McNeill said these costs did not include the arbitrator's fees, the actual total being nearly \$200. He described the payment of \$150 to the owner as "preposterous."

Alderman McNeill secured the passage of a resolution instructing the heads of the various departments to prepare a return showing the number of permanent employees on the city's pay roll on the following dates: January 1 and July 1, in each of the years 1912, 1914 and 1915; and on November 1, 1915. This return, Alderman McNeill stated, would show the great reduction which has taken place.

Some amendments are to be made to the broad regulations by-law, though the council does not propose to meet the requests of the Bread and Cake Manufacturers' association. A special committee reported against reduction of the standard weight of the loaf from one pound, but some of the aldermen favored a change, provided that the actual weight was shown on a label. The matter will receive further attention when the by-law comes up for amendment.

A grant of \$300 was made to the Friends' help association. The chief sanitary inspector, T. E. Lancaster, is to be placed on half time, the health committee reported.

METHODIST BOARD MEETS  
Quarterly Session of Board of Equivalents  
Church Shows Accounts  
All Met to Date.

The quarterly official board meeting of the Naval and Military Methodist church, Esquimalt, was held last evening at the home of Mrs. A. C. Bailey. F. R. Wright, the recording steward, presented the financial statement, which showed all accounts met to date, with a favorable balance, in the bank. Thomas Bailey, superintendent of the Sunday school, gave an encouraging report, showing an enrollment of over 200, with a good average attendance.

Archibald Miller, president of the Adult Bible class, and Mrs. J. S. McAdam, president of the ladies' aid, both reported favorably, concerning their respective departments. Committees were appointed on social service and evangelism and missionary work.



## SENDS OPEN LETTER TO SKEENA MEMBER

Bella Coola Electors Demand  
Account of William Man-  
son's Stewardship

The Bella Coola Courier in its last issue has an open letter to William Manson, M. P. for Skeena, in which it asks him to answer some pertinent questions, and gives him until the middle of December to reply.

"It will not be difficult for you to obtain the information, as there are accounts kept of every item asked for," says the Courier. "By the writing of a few letters and buying a few stamps you can easily perform your duty to your constituents in this respect."

The Skeena electoral district has chosen you to represent it in the law-making body of the province. As such representative of the people in a government of the people you have, to a very large extent, the control of all the public moneys expended by the province in your district.

The end of one season's activities is now drawing to a close, and, furthermore, the term for which you were elected is also nearing its end. It is therefore in the interest of the public that you, through the public press, should give an account of the discharge of your duties as the paid servant of the district.

"It has not been customary heretofore to ask for an account of this service in such detail as we are going to ask you now."

You may find several reasons to advance why your request should not be complied with, or you may even ignore our request altogether. But we believe that if you, in the language of one of the papers supporting you, are "fair, square and above board," you will give the account asked for."

The Courier asks for a detailed statement of the expenditure for public works this year on Bella Coola wharf, roads in the valley and at Anahim lake, the cost of deepening the course of Nechiconomy river, the cost of superintendence, the cost of accounting, the travelling expenses of road foremen and helpers, the reason for and cost of certain trips of road engineers, and how far the wagon road has been extended up the valley. In respect to the latter work it may be said that it has been in progress for years and is yet but a few miles past Hagensborg.

Pigskin Percy, the well-known jockey, was taken ill the other day on a visit to London, and a friend gave him the address of a doctor to whom to go. Percy came back shortly after and remarked: "I've got some medicine, but I'm blowed if I went to that doctor of yours." "Why?" asked the friend, surprised. "Well," replied Percy, "I was just about to go in when I saw on the door plate 'Dr. Jones' and below it, 'Ten to one.' When I saw that I said to myself, 'I'll be hanged if I take any such risks as that, so I went round the corner and saw another plate with the inscription, 'Dr. Jones,' and below, 'Three to five.' The odds were shorter, so I went to him."

The manager of a business house in New York not long ago engaged a new stenographer, a young woman who came bearing strong letters of recommendation from a friend. The manager entertained some unique notion of orthography; but, as the gallant business man says, her personality was "so engaging" that he really hadn't the heart to rebuke her very severely. "Finally, however, when the newcomer handed him a typewritten letter, wherein she had spelled sugar 's-u-g-a-r,' he felt that the time had come to take a firm stand. 'I'm afraid this won't do at all,' he said, endeavoring to be sternly official. 'I can't stand for 'suga' in this form.' For a moment the young woman regarded the offending word critically. Then her face brightened, and she said: 'Oh, how careless of me! I've let out the 'h,' haven't I?'"

Smith had only recently acquired a motor-bike and joined the Middleton Road Hogs' club, so he hadn't got past the bragging stage. "She's a beauty, my machine!" he said proudly, one evening. "Three and a half horse-power, free-engine, two speeds—" "Yes; dead slow and stop!" growled an exasperated listener.

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Our Blanket business has been built up on a principle that cannot fail to attract the attention of any one who contemplates buying Blankets or other bedding. Buying direct from the best known mills in Scotland, we are enabled to offer the finest makes of Genuine All-Wool Blankets, at the lowest possible prices. Taking into consideration the great advance in prices of wool, the following list should convince everyone of the wonderful values we are offering.

**Finest All-Wool Blankets**  
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Sizes 56x74 to 68x84. Weight, 5 to 8 lbs. Price, per pair, \$5.00 to \$8.50  
Lammermoor Scotch Wool Blankets, Quality 10—  
Sizes 54x81 to 72x90. Price, per pair, \$5.50 to \$9.00  
Genuine Scotch Wool Blankets, Skelton Ayrshire Brand—  
Sizes 54x81 to 72x90. Price, per pair, \$7.25 to \$10.50  
Lammermoor All-Wool Blankets, Quality 14A—  
Size 58x86. Price, per pair, \$8.75  
Size 72x90. Price, per pair, \$10.00  
Size 72x94. Price, per pair, \$11.00  
Genuine Scotch Wool Bath Blankets, Quality 70—  
Size 72x90. Price, per pair, \$10.50  
Size 72x94. Price, per pair, \$11.50  
Fine Scotch Wool Blankets, Quality 14A—  
Satin bound at both ends, in pink or blue. Lammermoor brand. Exceptionally fine blankets. Size 72x90. Price, per pair, \$12.00  
Crib Blankets  
In fine all-wool. Prices from, pair, \$1.75 to \$4.25

**New Arctic Down Comforters**  
These are made covered with a variety of downproof materials in many pretty designs and colorings. They are unusually well made and fully ventilated. Prices range from \$5.00 to \$25.00

**The Bargain Basement Offers Many Money-Saving Bargains**  
Odd Lines of Women's Knitted Underwear, well made, heavy weight—  
Price, 50¢  
Best Washing Prints. Price, per yard, 12¢  
Gingham in a good selection at, per yard, 12¢  
Turkish Towels. Price, pair, 25¢

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Let us fit you to a pair of  
**RUBBERS**  
Styles to fit the newest toes and heels—storm and strap foot-holds. For children we stock Rubbers in white, brown and black. Rubber Boots in all sizes.

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**WASHED NUT COAL \$6.00**  
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per ton delivered.  
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Pemberton Block, 1004 Broad St. Phone 412  
Our Method: 20 sacks to the ton, 100 lbs. of coal in each sack.

## HELP

By Subscribing to the  
**Victoria Patriotic Aid Fund**

Breathes there a man with soul so dead,  
Who never to himself hath said:  
This is my own, my native land.

FOR RESULTS, UTILIZE TIMES WANT AD PAGE

## Colds & Sense

You have a cold, or your child has a cold; a cough; a tight feeling across the chest; a soreness in the breathing tubes.

In the past how have you treated such? You have bought some cough mixture, and swallowed this down into your stomach. Now, why? Your stomach was not ailing; and there is no direct connection between your chest (where the trouble is) and your stomach! Then why swallow into your stomach any mixture when the trouble is in your lungs and bronchial tubes?

It's a mistake; and Peps is the remedy provided to correct this un-commonsense treatment. Peps are little tablets, which contain highly beneficial Pine essences, combined with other medicinal extracts. These healing extracts are so prepared that as soon as you put a Peps into your mouth they are liberated in the form of healing vapors. You breathe these vapors down to the throat and lungs, and thus treat the organs that are inflamed, direct. In a way, it is like breathing from a vaporizer, or bronchitis kettle, except that there is no apparatus needed, the little Peps providing everything needed for the treatment! The very small portion of Peps which you swallow has a slightly tonic effect upon the stomach and does you good, but the use of Peps is not for stomach troubles, but for lung, throat and bronchial troubles. Peps cure these as no ordinary treatment can.

Children like Peps and are best for the little ones because Peps contain no morphine, laudanum or other poison found in so many of the old cough mixtures. Druggists and stores everywhere sell Peps 50c. box or from Peps Co., Toronto, for price. Remember the name—four letters only:—

## Peps